

All the News  
Each Week

# The Chinook Advance

INDUSTRY AND  
PROSPERITY

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## The Way to Save

It is the systematic regularity with which you make small deposits, rather than the occasional banking of a considerable amount, that steadily builds up a substantial financial backing.

Get the habit of definitely depositing. Three dollars saved every week, with interest at 3% compounded semi-annually, in five years will amount to \$841.02.

## UNION BANK OF CANADA

Chinook Branch . . . . . W. A. Cruickshank, Manager  
Cereal Branch . . . . . J. Jack, Manager

## Fence Posts

Two car load of large sized Willow posts just arrived. When you are in the Town leave your requirements with us for any Building Material you may need.

YOURS for SERVICE and QUALITY

Imperial Lumber Yards, Ltd.

R. W. HAMON, manager  
Chinook, Alberta

## GROCERIES

We always have a  
Full Stock of Fresh Groceries  
And our prices are reasonable.

Fruits In Season . . . . . Confectionery

Chinook Produce Co.

H. Meade, Prop

Subscribe For the Chinook Advance



For Choice Cuts of

FRESH BEEF

PORK or

MUTTON,

call at the

CHINOOK MEAT MARKET

Special Prices

Beef for Stewing 6c. to 10c. lb.

Good Roasts of Beef  
from 15 cts. to 20 cts. per lb.

Fresh Fish Every Friday

O. HINDS, Prop'r

## COUNCIL APPROVE OF PLAN SUGGESTED BY COLON- IZATION COMPANY

A meeting of the Council of the M. D. of Collholme was held in the Collholme school on Saturday, July 23rd, at 10 a.m.

All the members present.  
The minutes were read as  
The minutes were adopted as read.

Mr. Marr was re-elected Deputy-Reeve for the remaining part of the year.

The following accounts were ordered paid:—

National Elevator, seed oats for E. O. Hecart, \$75.00; Jno. McPherson, seed wheat for A. V. Grant, \$150.00; Reg. Witt, seed wheat for J. H. Gustafson, \$65.20; C. W. Rideout, stamps and envelopes, \$24.75; Geo. Marr, gopher tails, \$25.00; W. S. Falconer, gopher tails, \$50.00; O. D. Harrington, gopher tails, \$25.00; W. D. Walter, gopher tails, \$75.00; C. B. Hittle, gopher tails, \$25.00; Thos Bjornstad, digging stone on Reaville road, \$40.00; Lorne Proudfoot, gopher tails, \$25.00; Banner Hardware, wire for pound, staples etc., \$26.75; Alberta Gazette, a copy for each poundkeeper, \$9.00; E. P. Stearns, order of W. D. Forbes, road foreman, \$13.50; Youngstown Co-op, nalis, \$2.00; W. F. Osborne, digging stone on Reaville road, \$20.00; prizes for gopher tails, Melville White, \$12.00; Willie Gingles, \$8.00; Laura McDonald, \$5; C. Altkin, \$12; R. Peterson, \$8; C. Peterson, \$5.00; Tony Hettler, \$12.00; Loy Haase, \$8.00; Rayno Philaja, \$5.00; Bradford Sierist, \$12.00; Otto Paetz, \$5.00; Agnes Erickson, \$5.00; for gopher tails to Councilors divisions 2 to 6, \$25 each; H. E. Romage, gopher poison, \$90.54; Chas. Wylie, gopher poison, \$507.00; Councillor fees, W. D. Walter, \$42.20; Geo. Marr, \$41.60; C. B. Hittle, \$65.00; O. D. Harrington, \$38.20; J. N. Key, \$50.00; W. S. Falconer, \$53.20; T. G. McPalls, seed oats for Chas. Ellsworth, \$3.25; T. G. McPalls, seed oats for R. Peyton, \$50.00; T. G. McPalls, seed oats for R. Peyton, \$50.00; Mrs. H. Dunster, for J. W. Sellers, roadwork, \$4.25; H. Dunster, gopher tails, \$3.43; M. Beuhler, moving grader, \$4.00; Robinson Bros., blacksmith work, \$35.75; R. J. Marr, balance of pound fees, \$21.10; Lorne Proudfoot, telegrams and express, \$17.00; Lorne Proudfoot, gopher tails, \$17.13; Attorney-General, Mothers' pension allowance, \$46.00; Beaver Lumber Co., material for a pound, \$12.15; Plaindealer, advertising, \$2.75; R. D. Vanhook, draying, etc., \$1.50; Bullar-yne Bros., nails and bolts, \$7.58; Banner Hardware, on account, \$25.49; Chinook Advance, advertising, \$2.50; Lorne Proudfoot, machinery repairs C.O.D., \$24.19; R. S. Woodruff, on account, \$3.15.

That we defer the discussion of the engaging of a new secretary-treasurer until the next meeting.

That the council have no objection to Mr. Howard Rice leasing from the government the road allowance west of the S.W. 34-26-7, provided suitable gates are placed thereon.

That the preliminary agreement with Mr. Fred Haase for a road allowance from the S. E. 21-27-9, be accepted, that the survey of same be made as soon as possible and that the Department of Public Works be notified that the council have no objection to Mr. Haase being granted a lease of the original road allowance.

That the Western Canada Colonization Company be notified that the council of this municipality approve of the plans suggested in their circular received some little time ago re developing and settling the vacant lands in the prairie provinces.

(Continued on page eight)

## Personalities

Mr. and Mrs. R. S. Woodruff and family and Miss Millichamp left on Thursday for a camping trip north of Consort.

Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Miller were visitors in Calgary this week.

Mr. W. Holder, London, England, arrived here last week. He is visiting his brother in the Langford district.

Mrs. Barth, of Morrin, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. V. Boyer.

Mrs. A. McAlister, who has been spending a holiday in Saskatchewan, returned Sunday.

## Agricultural Society

Some one, in mistake, carried off one of the Judges' books from the fair. Look and see if you have it. Leave at Advance office

Miss Blanche Deman, returned to Calgary on Tuesday after spending a couple of weeks with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Deman. Miss Deman is training for a nurse in the Holy Cross hospital.

Miss E. Storey, of Youngstown, has been appointed teacher for Grades 6, 7 and 8 in the Chinook Consolidated School.

Mr. and Mrs. M. L. Chapman returned Saturday from a few weeks vacation spent at Saskatoon, Regina and other points in Saskatchewan.

Rev. G. A. Kettyle, B.A., took the services on the Big Stone Circuit last Sunday. The Sacrament of the Lord's Supper was commemorated after the morning service at Clover Leaf and at Candoo four wee citizens of the district were baptized.

Robert McNabb, of Hamilton, Ont. and formerly one of the early settlers in this district, is in town this week renewing old acquaintances.

Jack Cooley made a business trip to Calgary this week.

Rev. R. B. Cumming, B.A., of Big Stone Circuit, took the services in the Chinook district last Sunday. Those who were absent from the service Sunday night missed a real treat. Mr. Cumming dealt in a most interesting way with his subject, "The Joy of the Christian Faith. The hymn "The Christian Faith" was sung by Mrs. R. Smith.

Mr. and Mrs. S. A. Miller, of Oyen, were visitors in town last Tuesday.

Mr. Homer Butts has accepted a position in the Union Bank at this point.

Miss S. Lund left on Tuesday to spend a couple of weeks' holiday in Calgary and other points in Alberta.

A valuable bed of mica is reported to have been discovered in the Point du Bois district, northeast of Winnipeg.

## M. J. HEWITT

Notary Public, Insurance of all kinds

And Loans

Agent for Imperial Oil

Collections Given the Best of Attention

See us about Insuring

Your Crop Against Hail

CHINOOK

ALBERTA.

## Remnants

## And Samples

We have a few Remnants and Samples left over from our sale. These we are clearing at **HALF PRICE**

They will only last a few days, so come early.

## Shoes! Shoes!

All summer footwear at **HALF PRICE**

Come early and get your supply while they last.

## Groceries! Groceries!

All threshing outfits are taking advantage of our prices. Get our prices and buy where you can buy the cheapest.

The tremendous amount of business we did during our sale only goes to prove that the public appreciate a chance when they can save money on all lines of absolutely first class goods. We wish to thank all those who made our sale such an overwhelming success. Our prices have always been the lowest in the past. They shall still be in the future.

Buy where you can buy cheapest and get your supplies from---

J. M. Montgomery

"The Store that Saves You Money"

**PIPE or PIPELESS HECLA MELLOWAIR FURNACE**

If the continuous saving of fuel means anything to you—you will want to know about the HECLA heating plant.

Send this Coupon for Free Facts TO-NIGHT

**CLARE BROS. WESTERN, LIMITED - WINNIPEG**  
Send me, free, all particulars about HECLA (Pipe or Pipeless) Furnace.

Name \_\_\_\_\_ Address \_\_\_\_\_

## Disarmament

The invitation extended by President Harding to Great Britain, France, Italy and Japan to join with the United States in a conference to discuss and consider ways and means of bringing about world disarmament was hailed with joy by people of all nations. The whole world is weary of war—even Germany has had all the war she wants for a long, long time. Although the formal invitation to this conference on disarmament came from the United States, there is hardly any question but that British influence played a large part in it. It is even open to question whether the initiative in the matter did not come from Britain, where, however, it was realized that the extending of such an invitation by the United States would not be viewed with the same suspicion by other European powers as would be the case if Great Britain made it.

Such a conference as has been proposed can hardly fail to be productive of much good, even though it may fall far short of actually achieving world disarmament. The millennium has not yet come, and it is too much to hope that all nations are ready to abandon all warlike forms of national defence. During the Great War it was a frequently voiced expression: "This is a war to end war." But conditions still prevailing in Europe and Asia seem to preclude the immediate possibility of disbanding all armies.

France, the victim of German invasion twice within the memory of many men still living, is far from being convinced that the day for maintaining an army of defence is passed. Russia is commonly credited with now possessing the largest army in the world, and under the present Bolshevik regime cannot be depended upon for one moment. Should all other nations disarm, dictators of the Lenin and Trotsky type might seize the opportunity to ride roughshod over Europe. Poland, rejoicing in its new-found freedom, with Bolshevik Russia on the one hand, and a resentful Germany on the other hand, is hardly likely to be willing to rely solely on Russian and German promises of good behavior. "And is the world willing to trust Turkey?"

But if complete disarmament is not yet possible, it ought at least to be possible to bring about a tremendous reduction in armaments and a consequent lessening of the probabilities of war, and its horrors should it unfortunately not be entirely avoided. With the ignoble surrender of the German navy, and its subsequent destruction, the greatest menace to the liberties of the world was removed. If the remaining naval powers—Great Britain, United States, Japan, France and Italy—can agree to put an end to the creation of larger and more powerful navies, smash up their submarines and put a ban on their further construction, a great advance step will have been taken, and an enormous reduction effected in the burden of taxation imposed on the people of these countries.

Again, if an agreement could be reached to eliminate the aerial services from use in war a further advance step would be taken, the horror of future wars materially reduced, and untold millions of money saved. Otherwise, we are going to witness the expenditure of enormous sums in the perfecting of aerial machines of destruction, with each nation trying to out-do and out-invent the others. If in this age of marvellous inventions, the nations could be brought into agreement to reduce armaments to the old land soldiers of past ages, eliminate all recent inventions such as the submarine and airship from war use, and place the ban upon the use of all future inventions for warlike purposes, millions of money would be saved, the terrible magnitude of the last war prevented of repetition, and much of the fascination of war in its newer phases removed.

Greatly as we would like to see it, there is grave doubt of it being presently possible to bring about complete disarmament, and it is open to question, therefore, whether more would not be gained at the forthcoming conference on the subject if the matter of land disarmament was not dragged in, but the efforts at disarmament confined to naval, aerial, and kindred aspects of modern warfare.

There is a certain fighting instinct in the whole human race that cannot be entirely eradicated, but it should be possible for the nations to reach agreements which would stop the use of the inventive genius of man for the wholesale destruction of his fellowmen, and which would result in the prohibition of all new mechanical contrivances which, if persisted in, would make the next war a war of annihilation, involving not only soldiers and sailors on active service, but the entire civilian populations of all countries engaged in the struggle.

### Electric Engine In Mine.

An electric storage battery locomotive, almost automatic in operation, is giving excellent result in a coal mine in Europe.

Don't think that because a man is an ice dealer he must be coldhearted.

### At All Hours.

Has Bobbie been eating between meals?  
Bobbie has no between meals.

The population of the globe is increasing at the rate of 14,000,000 annually.

**CLARK'S**  
Kitchen at your Service again this Summer

**CLARK'S Tomato Soup**  
is such a treat - -

Fine ripe tomatoes fresh from the fields give it their delicious flavor, and all you have to do is to heat and serve.

**CLARK SOUPS** are made in 13 different sorts, and include chicken.

Like all "Clark Good Things" the price is moderate.

Made from Canadian Farm Produce and sold everywhere in Canada.

## France Receives Radio Photograph

Transmitted Across Ocean By Powerful U.S. Wireless Station.

Transmission of photographs and written documents in facsimile across the ocean by wireless has been accomplished. Two successful tests of this epoch-making invention have been made at the powerful naval radio station at Annapolis, a photograph and written message having been sent to Malmou, the French radio station. The first test of the invention was the sending of a photograph of the recent Dempsey-Carpentier fight from the Annapolis station to France for reproduction in Le Matin, a Paris newspaper.

While the reproduction was said to have been fairly good, it was not as perfect as the engineers wished it to be. So another test was made.

This test was the sending of a facsimile written message from C. V. Van Anda, managing director of the New York Times, to Le Matin, the Paris newspaper. Word came back that the message was reproduced almost perfectly.

## Sure Protection For You While You Travel

You may find the water bad, some poorly cooked food may excite trouble, a draught from a car window may give you an ache or pain—cold room or damp sheets may cause rheumatic twinges. Remember this—any pain that is caused by congestion yields rapidly to Neriline. When your stomach is sour and upset, just try the magical effect of twenty drops of Neriline in sweetened water. If cramps wake you in the dead of night, Neriline will fix those awful cramps in a hurry. Keep a 35 cent bottle of Neriline in hand—always.

### On Schedule.

Mistress—"Mary, how is it that the eggs for breakfast are sometimes boiled soft and sometimes quite hard?"

Mary—"Well, m'm, I'm sure I don't know." I puts them in regular as the clock strikes eight, and I takes them out without fail when I hears the down train go by."

For Good House and Stable.—There is a good deal of similarity, physically speaking, between human beings and the lower animals. Both are subject to many ailments arising from indigestion and to a number of other ailments. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil is an entirely reliable remedy for such ailments and mishaps in both human beings and the lower orders of animals.

### True Word.

"There are few things more tantalizing to a man," declares the Havensville Review, "than to go home with something on his mind he wants to scold about, and find company there and be obliged to act agreeable."

Corns are caused by the pressure of tight boots, but they can be relieved by the use of the Corn Remover in their long when so simple a remedy as Holloway's Corn Remover is available.

### Strawberries In Cold Storage.

Fruit growers in the lower Fraser Valley, British Columbia, have put over 1,000 barrels of strawberries in cold storage to be held until the canners are ready to take them. The berries are packed in sugar and will keep in condition for preserving indefinitely.

The indications of worms are restlessness, grinding of the teeth, picking of the nose, extreme peevishness, often convulsions. Under these conditions one of the best remedies that can be got is Miller's Worm Powders. They will attack the worms as soon as administered and they pass away in the evacuations. The little sufferer will be immediately eased and a return of the attack will not be likely.

## Burial Service By Wireless

Dead Soldier Committed to Deep Across 200 Miles of Water.

The burial service at sea by wireless was the unusual story brought to Liverpool by the incoming Canadian Carmania.

When the Carmania was 300 miles west of Fastnet a wireless message was received from the Canadian Government freighter, Canadian Trapper, London-bound, asking: "Can you oblige us with a copy of the burial service?"

The Canadian Trapper was about 200 miles distant. A full day's steaming of the freighter had to be made and no burial service was available. The full service was sent by wireless, the dictation lasting an hour, and at the end the body was committed to the deep.

### His Religious Belief.

The census-taker had asked many questions and Mike was tired of answering them. "And what is your religious belief?" the wodge census man continued. "God forgive me, but I'm an atheist," said Mike.

Minard's Liniment For Dandruff

W. N. U. 1381

## How To Cook Corn

BY LORETTO C. LYNCH

An Acknowledged Expert in All Matters Pertaining to Household Management.

Since the Indians first showed the early settlers how to plant corn, this toothsome vegetable has been a favorite. About now, in all sections of the country, corn-on-cob is to be had. Often the housewife purchases (and cooks) corn and when it comes to the table it is rather hard and tough. This is frequently due to the manner of cooking. To be at its best corn should be served as soon after it is cooked as is possible.

Husk each ear and carefully remove the growth commonly called "silk." Have ready a pot of boiling water. Plunge the corn into it and cover. Boil gently about ten minutes. About the last three minutes of the cooking add one level teaspoon of salt for each six ears.

Women not familiar with cooking corn make a mistake by over cooking it. Ten minutes is quite sufficient if the water is really boiling. Another error has to do with the salt. If the salt is put in at the beginning it toughens the corn. Break an ear in half and cook one-half of it as directed at the beginning of this article. Cook the other half in salted water for half an hour. Then try both and note the difference in favor of the method approved above.

In serving corn-on-cob, drain it from the cooking water and place it between folded napkins on a warm plate. It should be served soon after cooking. Butter, salt and pepper are usually passed with corn-on-cob.

The shops are serving one of the niceties for serving corn-on-cob. Little handles are stuck into the ends of the corn ear. In half-dozens sets they make useful gifts and may be obtained in real silver or plated ware.

Left-over corn has a variety of uses. Of course, it may be carefully reheated right on the cob in boiling water for a few minutes. On the other hand, you may want to carefully cut it from the cob and surprise the family with corn creole style.

To prepare this for two cups of corn allow one cupful of tomato sauce. A can of the thick puree sold for concentrated tomato soup is good for this purpose. In it cook a tablespoon of chopped onion, two tablespoons of chopped green pepper, and a little chopped pimiento, if on hand, for five minutes. Add a bit of butter or a little bacon or salt pork drippings. Add salt and pepper to taste.

Pour into a baking dish after it has been removed from the flame and mixed with the corn. Cover the top with buttered bread crumbs and brown in the oven. This gives the corn but little re-cooking and therefore helps to keep it tender and digestible.

You will like these corn fritters. They may either be served as the main dish at a meagre luncheon or they may accompany fried chicken with its cream gravy.

To make these fritters, sift together several times, one-half a cup of flour, one level teaspoon of baking powder, one-fourth of a teaspoon of salt and one-fourth of a teaspoon of paprika. Add a well-beaten egg to one-fourth of a measuring cup of milk. Stir this slowly into the flour mixture. Add a tablespoon of melted butter and a cup of corn. It may be necessary to add more milk.

At any rate, the mixture should drop easily from the spoon. Cook by dropping a spoonful at a time on a well-greased hot griddle. When the edges are done, it is time to turn the cake. The corn fritter mixture may also be cooked by dropping in hot deep fat.

Canned corn may be substituted for the fresh corn when making the above.

### For Western Farmers.

This year the entire crop will put in the pockets of the Western Canada farmers the sum of about \$700,000,000. To produce this there is a tillage of some 30,623,000 acres, while 400,000 acres of arable land await the plough in the prairie provinces.

Strangled with Asthma is the only expression that seems to convey what is endured from an attack of this trouble. The relief from Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy is beyond measure. Where all was suffering there comes comfort and rest. Breathing becomes normal and the bronchial tubes completely cleared. This unequalled remedy is worth many times its price to all who use it.

Yes, Luke, a woman can sharpen a lead pencil as quickly as a man can (twice) a needle.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia

The counterfeiter claim may be lead, but it's hard to push.

## Convinced Tanlac Is Wonderful Medicine, Declares Miss Reed

"I am convinced that Tanlac is a wonderful medicine because it has been more than a year now since I took it, but it toned up my entire system so well that I am still in the best of health," said Miss Maie Reed, popular saleslady, residing at 405 Kennedy Street, Winnipeg, Manitoba.

"I dislike to have my name in the paper, but Tanlac has helped me so much that I actually feel it my duty to express my gratitude, so want everybody to know about my case. Nearly a year and a half ago, while I was living in Regina, my health broke down completely. I had rheumatic fever and for eight months was flat on my back in bed, unable to move an inch. I finally got up out of bed,

but was so weak I seemed to have no energy at all. My appetite was gone and instead of getting better I just worried along, getting worse, if anything. I could get no sound sleep, and just felt miserable all the time.

"A friend of mine finally suggested that I try Tanlac, so I started taking it and by the time I had finished my second bottle my appetite was simply wonderful. I took four bottles in all, and all my strength and energy had come back to me and I was feeling like a different person. My health has been fine ever since and I haven't missed a day from my work. I can't say too much for Tanlac."

Tanlac is sold by leading druggists everywhere.

## How Labrador Was Named

Portuguese Explorers Thought Natives Would Make Good Laborers.

It is believed that Labrador was so named because Portuguese explorers thought the natives would make good laborers, or because of the labor required to make a living there. The name is connected with the old Spanish name of labor. The Labrador coast was discovered in the tenth century by Leif, the Norseman, but no explorations were made. It was again discovered in 1497 by John Cabot. Explorations and settlements were made and the peninsula was named.

## LISTLESS, PEEVISH GIRLS

When a girl in her teens becomes peevish, listless and dull, when nothing seems to interest her and dainties do not tempt her appetite, you may be certain that she needs more good blood than her system is provided with. Before long her pallid cheeks, frequent headaches and breathlessness and heart palpitation will confirm that she is anemic. Many mothers, as the result of their own lack of experience, can promptly detect the early signs of anemia, and the wise mother does not wait for the trouble to develop further, but at once gives her daughter a course with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, which renew the blood supply and banish anemia before it has obtained a hold upon the system.

Out of their experience thousands of mothers know that anemia is the sure road to worse. They know the difference that good red blood makes in the development of womanly form. From this rich blood comes the slightest exertion by the anemic girl, every pain she suffers in her back and limbs, every ache and every headache, taken the best steps to give your weak girl new blood, and the only sure way to do this is to give her Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

New, rich red blood is infused into the system by every dose of these pills. From this new rich blood springs good health, an increased appetite, new energy, high spirits and perfect womanly development. Give your daughter Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and take them yourself and note how promptly their influence is felt in better health and new vitality.

You can get these pills through any dealer in medicine or by mail postpaid at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

## Soldier Caught With Czar's Jewels

Arrested When Attempting to Dispose of Gems.

A Budapest despatch says that a Hungarian soldier who recently returned home from Siberia has been arrested on a charge of attempting to dispose of £300,000 worth of jewelry, the property of the former Royal Russian family.

The suspicions of a jeweler at Nagykunizsa, a small town south of Budapest, were aroused when he noticed that several articles offered for sale bore a monogram made up of "A" and "H," which indicated that the goods once belonged to Alexander III, father of the murdered Czar.

When he was taken into custody the soldier declared that he had taken part in a revolution against the Soviet troops in Siberia, and that the jewellery was part of the booty captured.

### Prince To Send Winners.

The Prince of Wales was a notable winner with his exhibits of Shorthorn cattle and Shropshire sheep at Bath and West and Southern Counties Agricultural Show, England, being the winner of most of the prizes. He declared his intention of shipping some of these farm aristocrats to his ranch near High River, Alta., where there is already a fine blooded aggregation.

What will be the largest wireless station in the world is to be erected at Shanghai.

## The Polka Dot

Editor Finds Out Where Pattern Got Its Name.

Although Lord Northcliffe, of the London Times, with a reputation for more knowledge than the average encyclopedia, was stumped of the meaning of "polka-dot," as applied to the cravat he was wearing ere he left Toronto for the west, the editor of the Drygoods Economist has unearthed the solution to the problem.

Three quarters of a century ago a Bohemian peasant dance called the polka, swept the old world and the new, creating as much of a sensation as the one-step and the fox-trot of today. Everyone talked of the polka.

Just then some enterprising manufacturer got out a new style of dark silk fabric with contrasting spots or dots upon it. The rest was simple. The new fabric, worn by the fashionable dancing the polka, became "polka dots," just as later we had merry widow hats and Alice blue costumes, and so on. There were polka shoes, polka gowns and all sorts of polka things.

### Setting It Right.

Kansas Paper.—We wish to apologize for the manner in which we disgraced the beautiful wedding last week. Through an error of the typesetter we were made to say "the roses were punk." What we should have said was "the roses were pink."—Boston Transcript.

Spain is said to have nearly a quarter of a million professional beggars.

## BRINGS HAPPY EASE Don't Endure Pain. Apply



The Remedy your Grandmother used to get. Sure Relief. On sale Everywhere.

A Good Thing. Rub it in.

### MONEY ORDERS

Buy your out of town supplies with Dominion Express Money Order. Five dollar costs three cents.

**BOOK ON DOG DISEASES**  
and other valuable information. Mailed Free to any Address by the H. CLAY GLOVER, America's Pioneer Dog Medicines. 118 West 31st Street, New York, U.S.A.

**Cook's Cotton Root Compound**  
medicines. Sold in three doses: 1. 15¢, 2. 25¢, 3. 50¢ per bottle. Sold by all druggists or cash on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address THE COOK REMEDY CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Midland)

## ASPIRIN

"Bayer" only is Genuine



Warning! Take no chances with substitutes for genuine Bayer Tablets of Aspirin. Unless you see the name "Bayer" on package or on tablet, you are not getting Aspirin. In every Bayer package are directions for Colds, Headache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Earache, Toothache, Lumbago and for Pain. Handy tin boxes of twelve tablets cost few cents. Druggists also sell larger packages. Made in Canada. Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada), of Bayer Manufacturing of Monocetio-acidester of Salicylicacid.



## Polish-German Question Still Causes Division Between Allied Nations

Paris.—The French and British prime ministers are far from agreement upon the new line dividing the Upper Silesia, drawn by the experts appointed for the purpose. Therefore, the work of the Supreme Council, which has had under advisement the Silesian problem, cannot be completed for the present, nor is it possible to forecast the outcome of the differences which have arisen over this knotty German-Polish question.

The position of the French Government as explained by M. Briand, is substantially: "The experts have presented their conclusions, and have said to the Supreme Council, 'Now decide.' We do not decide the same way as the British, and disagreements have occurred. The experts' new line which was arrived at by a majority vote has not been agreed upon by the council, and has been referred back to them, and they have replied: 'We shall come back before the council if we can reach a unanimous agreement.'"

The French experts have studied the line proposed by Mr. Lloyd George.

According to their calculations this line would give 200,000 Polish votes to Poland and 27,000 to Germany on the one hand, and 100,000 German votes to Poland and 600,000 German votes to Germany on the other, whereas the plebiscite gave 60 per cent. of the votes to Germany and 40 per cent. to Poland.

Premier Briand informed the British delegation that he would be willing to accept, as a last resort, the Silesian line in Silesia, according to the Havas Agency.

This line gives Poland the western part of the industrial district, notably Gleiwitz, Zabrze and Tarnowitz.

### Butter Competitions

Edmonton Dairy Secures the Highest Score in Dominion Contest.

Ottawa.—The quality of the butter submitted to date by the provincial creameries in the Dominion educational scoring contest is better than any in previous years, according to the Dominion Dairy Commissioner, J. A. Ruddick.

Edmonton City Dairy secured the highest score of any sample since the competition commenced in 1919, with 98 points for their July sample. The highest scoring sample for June was supplied by the Central Creameries, Calgary, with 97.5 points, and for May by the Shoal Lake Creamery of Manitoba with 97 points.

### Fire Visits Strathclair.

Strathclair, Man.—A Chinese laundry, a butcher shop, a general store, and a hardware store in the business district of Strathclair have been destroyed by fire. The loss will be about \$25,000, partly covered by insurance.

Secondhand experience is almost as good as new, and it costs less.

## Allies Will Send Relief To The Starving Russians

Lloyd George Has No Admiration For Soviet Government, But Will Act on Humanitarian Grounds.

Paris.—The United States ambassador took part twice in the sessions of the Supreme Council, once in replying to Premier Lloyd George that he agreed that the traditional policy of the United States gave traders the right to sell arms to either belligerent in the Near East, and again, in replying to enquiries by the prime ministers respecting Secretary Hoover's Russian relief plans.

M. Briand, the French premier, began the discussion of the Russian famine by saying that the Russian people who had fought with the Allies in the beginning of the war might justly look to them now for help.

"I propose that all the Allies join with the United States and the other nations who are interesting themselves in the administration of relief through Red Cross societies, and other private sources," said M. Briand.

"I heartily agree to this," exclaimed Lloyd George, "but I wish to point out," he added, "that such efforts could not reach many of the sufferers. The Red Cross cannot perform the miracle of the five loaves

### Loyalty of People of Dominion

King George Is Grateful For Work of Premiers at Conference.

London.—His Majesty King George in his reply to the address from the Imperial conference, emphasizes the fact that he had stirring and ineffaceable proofs from the peoples of the dominion of their loyalty and devotion in the enthusiastic and touching responses invariably given on the several occasions of his visit to different parts of the world, where the British flag flies, proofs which had been renewed in the remarkable demonstrations of welcome and goodwill to the Prince of Wales during his visit of the past three years. Furthermore, where could one find such ample testimony to their common allegiance to empire and sovereignty as in their noble self-sacrifice during the four and a half years of the World War?

His Majesty added: "I followed with keen interest the deliberations of the conference. These meetings and the exchange of views between the ministers of the great communities which they represent, upon the many problems affecting the common interest of the British peoples, are essential to the unity and well-being of the empire and the general peace of the world. Every facility must be given for such periodical meetings, and to ensure this, we look confidently to men of science and research to discover an improved means of inter-communication between all parts of the British Commonwealth."

"I know the work of the conference has been strenuous, entailing severe demands upon all concerned, but their time was well spent in advancing further along the road of progress and development."

"I heartily thank them, on my own behalf, and that of the Queen, for the address. We wish Goodspeed to those who are leaving England and a safe and happy return to their respective homes and families. More than ever do we follow with feelings of affection, the welfare of our people at home and across the sea."

### Five Japs Killed in Manchuria

Police Attempted to Enter Japanese Premises Without Permit.

Honolulu, T.H.—Five Japanese were killed and 17 severely injured in a fight between 20 Japanese residents and 50 Chinese police in Shin Chang, Manchuria. A Tokio dispatch says the disturbance arose out of attempts by the police to enter Japanese premises in the city without a permit. The foreign office has instructed Minister Ohata to investigate the incident and protest to the Peking Government if it appears that it was provoked by the Chinese.

### Proclaims Holy War.

Bulletin: Angora, Anatolia.—A holy war has been proclaimed by the King of the Hedjaz, to assist the Turkish Nationalists in their fight against the Greeks in Asia Minor.

### Ample Harvest Help

Winnipeg.—With approximately 25,000 harvest hands required for Manitoba and Saskatchewan already in the west, it was decided at a meeting of employment officials here to notify the railway officials that further excursion trains from eastern points should be held up, pending a survey of conditions. Whether the west has sufficient farm labor or not will be decided in the next day or so. Surprise was expressed by local employment officials at the expeditious manner in which the employers had dispatched so many harvesters from the east.

### Want Teachers of High Ideals

Premier Drury Delivers Pointed Address at Teachers' Conference.

Toronto.—"Heaven save us from the hide-bound teachers. Heaven save us from the fellow who would rather parse a word than see a beautiful line of literature, and save us from the fellow whose only idea is examinations," exclaimed Hon. E. C. Drury, premier of Ontario, extending a welcome on behalf of the province to the Imperial conference of teachers in Convocation Hall.

"The great danger of the teacher is that of yelling at a nut," continued Mr. Drury. "What we need is teachers of high ideals and broad vision who recognize the right of human nature to something of its own development. Nations have fallen because of wrong teaching in the schools."

A lively feature of the session was an animated discussion which followed an address on celebration of Empire Day by Col. T. E. Perritt, principal of the provincial Normal School, Regina, who went overseas as officer commanding the 68th Battalion, losing his sight in the war and returning to fill his former educational position in Western Canada.

Col. Perritt advocated the addition of another day to the calendar of school holidays, maintaining that there was just as much need for the setting aside of a "provincial day" as there was for the celebration of Empire Day or Dominion Day.

### Quebec Town

Destroyed by Fire

Hundreds of People at Aylmer Are Rendered Homeless.

Ottawa.—Fire of a disastrous character, fanned by a strong wind from the southwest, swept Aylmer, Que., this afternoon, and left in its wake a parched and blackened ruin of what was formerly a quiet and picturesque town.

At least one death was caused by the fire, seven hundred persons were rendered homeless and the property loss is estimated by Mayor Nash, of Aylmer, at \$750,000. Most of the principal buildings in the town were razed by the flames and the homes of some 125 families lost.

### Locate Rich Iron Prospect

Find Near Sault Ste. Marie Most Promising in Canada.

Sault Ste. Marie, Ont.—What is characterized as the most promising iron prospect in Canada has been located 67 miles north of Spragge and six or seven miles south of the first reserve in the Blind River country, 100 miles south of the Sault, by Col. J. A. Currie, of Toronto, M.P. for North Simcoe, and Archibald Campbell.

The float was located about a mile and a half from the site of the discovery, and natives of the vicinity, who were familiar with the iron traces in the float, maintained that it had come down from the Hudson Bay district.

### WESTERN EDITORS



A. Drew, Publisher of The Echo, Dominion City, Man.

### Wheat Board Defunct

Finishes Its Activities After Two Years' Existence.

Winnipeg.—On the second anniversary of the foundation of the Canadian Wheat Board a meeting of members terminated the board's activities. No statement was given out at the close, members deciding that it would be better to refrain from doing so, notwithstanding a promise was made that a statement would be given.

The board came into existence August 11, 1919, and was formed for the purpose of assisting the farmers to market their grain under protective measures.

### Employment Plans.

Meet With Response

Minister of Labor Trying to Relieve Unemployment Situation.

Ottawa.—The request of the Minister of Labor that provincial authorities call conferences of all interested to deal with the unemployment situation, is being well received throughout the Dominion, judging by replies reaching the department here. It is expected that after the holding of provincial gatherings there will be some sort of co-ordinated effort and ideas together with a national conference, at which the Minister of Labor will probably preside, and at which plans for securing employment for the workless on a national basis will be formulated.

Vacancy for Lieutenant-Governor. Ottawa.—The appointment of a successor to Sir James Aikins, lieutenant-governor of Manitoba, whose formal term of office expired on August 8, awaits the return of Premier Meighen.

Sir George Foster, acting premier, when asked about the appointment said that the matter would be dealt with by Mr. Meighen. He gave no opinion as to the probable choice for the position.

### To Unify the Laws Of the Provinces

Ottawa.—An attempt to unify the laws of the various provinces, with the exception of the province of Quebec, which has been under consideration by a committee for some time, will be reported upon at the annual meeting of the Canadian Bar Association which opens here on September 6, and continues until September 8. Each province, with the exception of Quebec, is represented by a commissioner. The exception on the part of Quebec is due to the radical differences in its civil laws granted under the B.N.A. Act.

## The Life of Ne-Gua-man-I-sew

By O-GE-MAS-ES (Little Clerk).

(Copyright)

(Continued)

About this time, now in the nineties, a young colored doctor from Chatham, Ontario, had settled in Kinston, some thirty miles west of my homestead, and was practicing his profession there and visiting the scattered settlers with much success. This was glad news for me and I drove up and called on him at the first opportunity, and we soon became fast friends. He was much interested in the Indians and when I told him of the deaths of Ne-Gua-man-I-sew's children and described the symptoms, he made me promise that if another child was born to this couple it was to be brought up to him for examination. On my next visit to Ne-Gua-man-I-sew and his poor sad wife they listened with the greatest eagerness to my tale of the new doctor, and it was rather amusing when I described his color. Ah, they said, if a white doctor's medicine is strong, why a black doctor's must be stronger. However, they promised faithfully if a new baby came they would surely follow my advice. A year or so elapsed and then they came with a fine little baby girl tied in the Moss Bag and resembling her mother very much. Both were anxious to see the new medicine man, so we all went up to Kinston, I going as interpreter. After a careful examination the doctor gave certain instructions and these they promised faithfully to carry out. Then in three months time, and in fact every three months for at last a year, they were to bring the babe for another medical examination. At about the age of two the doctor performed a little operation for tubercular gland.

The child thrived, the parents were immensely grateful, and this girl baby gradually developed into a fine handsome young woman who went to Emmanuel College. She was the pride and delight of her parents and through her efforts they both became converted to Christianity. In the meantime two other children were born to Ne-Gua-man-I-sew and being duly treated by Dr. Shadd, grew up fine youngsters. A happier, more contented Indian family you could not find, but alas, the sequel of this true tale proves that in the midst of life we are in death.

The season was early fall, following an extremely dry summer, and Ne-Gua-man-I-sew and his family were camping in the hills south of Ekehston. The country was broken and brule, with a tremendous growth of grass and much dead old bottom. For days the atmosphere had been smoky. Suddenly a heavy gale of wind arose and Ne-Gua-man-I-sew finally decided to make for the open country, but in every direction they tried to proceed, fire or dense smoke headed them back. Finally, in despair, he set all hands to make as big a clearing as possible, also to dig a hole (axes the only tool) to shelter them if the fire swept over the camp. Then he hobbled and threw his two ponies and covered their heads up with a blanket. How they all worked in spite of the awful heat and suffocating smoke, then with a roar the actual fire was on them and one by one he saw his dear one's reckless, of his own life he clasped them in his arms to extinguish the burning garments, but his loved wife, his brilliant daughter and the two young children all perished.

Six U.S. Prisoners Released. Riga, Latvia.—Six United States prisoners in Russia have been released by the Soviet authorities and have arrived at Narva, Estonia, in fair condition. The six were Emmett Kilpatrick, Weston Bestes, William Flick, X. B. Kalamantian, H. J. Lamare and Russell Pallinger.

A town cannot grow without business. By helping your local dealer you assist the community.

When a rescue party arrived he was still conscious, though very badly burned. They insisted on taking him down to the doctor, but his wish was to die and join his loved ones, the quicker the better.

I was not present when they brought the poor maimed child of nature into Dr. Shadd and laid him on a couch. After a short examination he pronounced the case hopeless, and when they told poor Ne-Gua-man-I-sew this, he thanked God and calling his friends who had rescued him he dictated his last wishes. "He asked that sufficient of his good be sold to meet his debts, and sent a special message of goodwill to me. Then, folding his poor burnt arms across his chest, and with a cherry 'Goodbye, doctor,' thus perished Ne-Gua-man-I-sew, a gallant Indian gentleman."

Fortunately some years before the date of the wiping out of this family, old South-Wind and his wife had died so they were spared much grief.

### Indian Prevention of Bush Fires.

Old South-Wind was my first Indian friend in the Stony Creek country (near Medicine Hat), and not only selected my first location, but gave me much kind and sound advice as to, to me, it was a new district. His forefathers, for generations back, had made this district their hunting grounds and he pointed out to me with pride the fact that all the first growth timber was still standing untouched by fire. When asking him what I should do in regard to this preservation of the green woods (which of course meant saving the fur), he replied as follows:

"Just as soon as the snow goes off in the spring and the grass on the ridges is dry, put out your fires. The snow is still in the woods and no harm will result. Then later on as the hay swamps dry up and you have the ridges surrounding them burnt off, why do the same to the hay."

I followed the old Indian's advice from 1883 to 1893 without losing a stick of green timber, but in the year 1893 a number of settlers came in and when I was burning the ridges in the spring of 1894, one of these men, a man from North Dakota, warned me that he had been appointed a fire guardian and that I would be pulled if I did not stop putting out spring fires. I tried to show the new men the fall of this but without success, so for two or three years the old grass collected until it formed a mat on the ground over a foot thick, then one of their number let a fire out in a dry fall. Many of these new settlers lost their buildings, several barely escaped with their lives, and two young Indians perished in the hills. Millions of feet of good green timber were burnt, and some thousands of acres of black soil were burnt off clean down to the clay sub-soil and, naturally, the fur-bearing animals were wiped out.

This law from Regina may have suited southern ranchmen but it was a positive evil in this country where more grass grows on one acre than on ten or twenty in the south. Our legislators should have had old South-Wind at their councils.

We few settlers became exhausted in trying to check this awful fire so appealed to the Mounted Police for assistance. Help was promptly and effectively given us, as usual, with that noble body of men.

### Fire Raging in Russian Oil Wells

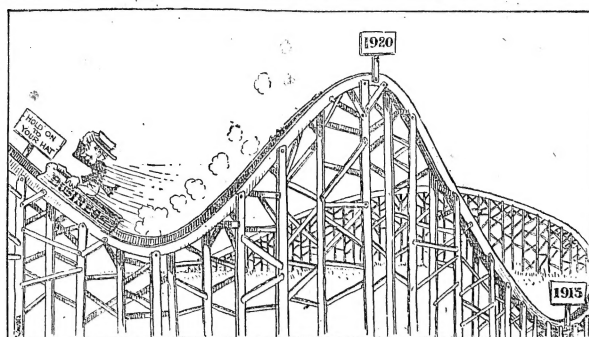
Flames Cannot Be Extinguished and Loss Will Be Disastrous.

London.—Fires are raging in oil wells in the suburbs of Baku, the great oil centre in Asiatic Russia, according to advice from Rival, Esthonia, by the Central News Agency here.

There appears to be no means of extinguishing the conflagration, the message added, and the loss of oil will be disastrous. The disaster will be more keenly felt on account of the famine and cholera in that district and the consequent scarcity of labor, resulting in scanty supplies of coal and firewood for the winter, the message said.

Strange Airship Fires On Launch. Providence, R.I.—Sweeping down Narragansett Bay with its machine guns wide open and spraying the water with a rain of bullets, an unidentified airplane rattled and nearly sank a launch containing five people severely wounding a girl passenger and slightly injuring a man.

It pays to patronize home industry. Buy from the merchants in your own town.



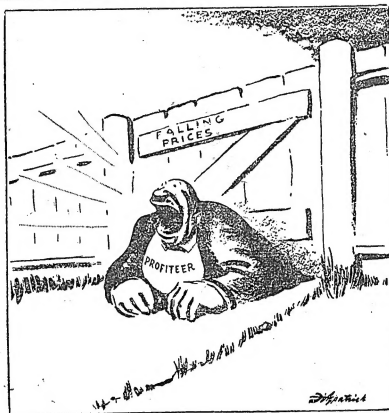
Starting to Go Up—"Hang On to Your Hat!"

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Repairing.

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What makes more noise than a pig going under a gate?  
St. Louis Post-Despatch.

### Judges' Awards at the Chinook Fair

#### HORSES

Champion male—C. Mills, Cereal.  
Champion female—J. A. Gray, Cereal.

#### Class 1—Clydesdales

Stallion, 3 years or over—1st, C. Mills; 2nd, G. McDonald; 3rd, R. D. Vanhook.

Stallion, 2 years—1st, R. Stewart.  
Brood Mare, foal at side—1st, H. Gregg.

Dry Mare, 3 years—1st, J. A. Gray; 2nd, J. A. Gray; 3rd, R. Stewart.

Filly, 1 year—J. A. Gray.  
Foal—1st, N. Gregg.

#### Class 2—Percheron

Stallion, 3 years or over—1st, C. Mills.

#### Class 5—General Purpose

Team hitched—1st, W. Wilson; 2nd, E. E. Noble.

Mare, foal at side—1st, J. A. Gray; 2nd, R. Stewart.

Filly or Gelding, 2 years—1st, H. Smith.

Filly or Gelding, 3 years—1st, J. A. Gray; 2nd, F. J. Maris.

Foal, 1921—1st, W. Wilson; 2nd, R. Stewart.

Dry Mare—1st, W. Milligan.

#### Class 6—Agricultural

Team, hitched—1st, J. A. Gray.

Mare, with foal at side—1st, F. Sayer; 2nd, J. Chessum.

Mare, with two of progeny—H. Smith.

Filly or Gelding, 3 years—1st, H. Smith.

Filly or Gelding, 2 years—1st, J. C. Bayley.

Filly or Gelding, 1 year—1st, H. Smith.

Foal, 1921—1st, J. A. Gray; 2nd, J. Chessum; 3rd, R. Whit.

Dry Mare—1st, H. Smith; 2nd, N. Gregg.

#### Class 7—Heavy draught

Team hitched—1st, J. A. Gray; 2nd, R. Kingry.

#### Class 8—Roadster

Team hitched—1st, J. D. Morris; 2nd, F. Sayer; 3rd, T. Peterson.

Filly or Gelding, 2 years—1st, E. E. Noble; 2nd, W. Wilson.

#### Class 10

Single Driver—1st, Mrs. R. Vanhook; 2nd, S. M. Squire.

Lady Driver—Mrs. Vanhook; 2nd, Minnie Bidne.

Trained, groomed Saddle Pony, ridden by boy—1st, S. Squire; 2nd, F. Sayer.

Trained, groomed Saddle Pony, ridden by girl—1st, Myra Bennett; 2nd, Miss Squire.

Riding by Boy—1st, Harold Stewart; 2nd, Orland Bidne; 3rd, Willie

Howarth.  
Riding by Girl—1st, Reva Martin; 2nd, Minnie Bidne; 3rd, Muriel McIntosh.

Four-horse Team—1st, J. A. Gray.  
Best Walking Team—1st, J. A. Gray.

#### Class 14—Shorthorns

Bull, 2 years and over—1st, W. A. Todd.

Bull Calf—1st, 2nd and 3rd, W. A. Todd.

Cow—1st, 2nd and 3rd, W. A. Todd.

Heifer, 2 years—1st, W. A. Todd.

Heifer, 1 year—1st and 2nd, W. A. Todd.

Calf—1st, W. McLaughlin; 2nd and 3rd, W. A. Todd.

Dry Cow—1st and 2nd, W. A. Todd.

Class 17—Grade Cattle, Dual Purpose

Cow, 3 years and over—1st, C. W. Rideout; 2nd, F. J. Maris; 3rd, W. A. Todd.

Heifer, 1 year—1st, E. Milligan.

Class 18—Grade Cattle, Beef Type

Cow, 3 years and over—1st, G. McDonald; 2nd, W. A. Todd.

Heifer, 2 years—1st, W. A. McLaughlin.

Heifer, 1 year—1st, 2nd and 3rd, Freddie Maris.

Heifer Calf—1st, G. McDonald; 2nd, Vernon Maris.

Dry Cow—1st, E. Milligan.

By Society—Calf fed and cared for by (a) Boy, Vernon Maris; (b) Girl, May Todd.

By O. Hinds—Fat Steer—1st, E. Milligan.

By W. A. Todd—Yearling Steer, (Shorthorn)—1st, E. Milligan.

#### SWINE

Class 20

Boar, one year and over—1st, J. Chessum; 2nd, 6 months—1st, J. C. Bayley.

Pair Pigs, 6 months—1st, J. C. Bayley.

Pair Pig—1st, G. McDonald.

#### POULTRY

Class 21

Brahma, male—1st, T. J. Squire.

Brahma, female—1st, T. J. Squire.

Vyandottes, male—1st, 2nd and 3rd, Mrs. N. McFarlane.

Vyandottes, female—1st, 2nd and 3rd, Mrs. N. McFarlane.

Barred Plymouth Rocks, male—1st and 2nd, E. Milligan.

Barred Plymouth Rocks, female—1st and 2nd, E. Milligan.

Buff Orpington, male—1st and 2nd, Mrs. N. McFarlane; 3rd, F. J. Maris.

Buff Orpington, female—1st, 2nd and 3rd, Mrs. N. McFarlane.

Rhode Island Red, male—1st and 2nd, Mrs. N. McFarlane.

(Continued on page eight)

## Chinook Advance

Published at Chinook, Alberta  
every Thursday

Robert Smith,  
Editor and Publisher.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 18, 1921

### Medical Aid

We would like to know if the Chinook Board of Trade are taking any steps to secure a doctor? This is a large district and it is important that the local authorities take some urgent means of getting a doctor to locate here as soon as possible.

While we are on this subject we would like to say something more on the matter of medical attention. We mean from a financial standpoint. The time has come when the people of Canada should make a strong appeal to governments to take some steps in providing medical attention for all at a moderate cost. In the past, the Dominion and Provincial governments have spent thousands of dollars on agricultural schools and education, which is a good thing, but very little has been done in the way of providing medical attention to the people who are not in a position to pay for it. Is not the health of a nation even more important than its education? Why cannot medical attention be within the reach of all, rich and poor alike? The present system is only within the reach of a very few people, not because we have not got the institutions or medical men, but because the cost of that medical attention is beyond the average person's reach. The people who suffer most from the present system are the farmers who live several miles from a town. To them the cost of medical assistance is no small item, and the result is that in a good many cases the doctor will not be sent for until the case has grown so serious that recovery is made much more difficult and only too often ends fatally.

We would like to see the Alberta Farmers' Government take this matter up and try and adopt some scheme similar to the National Insurance Act of Great Britain.

For our reader's perusal we hope to publish a summary of the National Insurance Act of Great Britain in our next issue.

Canadian railways have made a very substantial reduction in freight rates on livestock for the benefit of Western Canadian shippers. It will be of great benefit to the industry.

The harvest is on now in the Chinook district and is about two weeks in advance of ordinary seasons. This, of course, will mean that threshing will be over earlier and a longer season for fall plowing will ensue.

Two fine samples of Marquis wheat and Banner oats, 3 ft. in height, grown by W. L. Sullivan, south of Chinook, is on display in Waite Bros. window.—The Mail, Drumheller.

### Why No Picture Show

The question has been asked by a good many people who have been accustomed to attending the regular weekly picture show given by the late Dr. Rosenkrans, why these shows, some weeks before

the Doctor's death, were discontinued.

To these people we would like to give the following explanation. It appears that one particular evening about a month or six weeks ago, the hall was opened for some function, and the Doctor had occasion to over haul his moving picture machine, when he found that the lens and another valuable part of the machine had been taken off. Without these parts the machine is useless, and to replace them would cost a great deal. Although everything possible was done to try and locate them they are still missing. It seems obvious that some person or persons have deliberately taken these parts from off the machine, though the reason for such an action is somewhat mysterious, as the missing pieces though thoroughly disabling this machine, could be of no use to the thief.

Since this article was set up the missing parts have been found in a sack underneath the engine house near the hall. We are glad that the parties concerned had enough honor to return same.

The Lieut. Governor's Banner, the distinction given to Alberta Schools which gain a 100 per cent mark in membership in the Junior Red Cross, has been won by 92 schools up to date. New schools are being added to the roll of honor every day and the results are a surprise to the organizers at the Provincial Red Cross headquarters. There are also a number of schools down on the list for certificate, which are issued for gaining 75 per cent enrollment in the Junior Red Cross.

The Junior organization is active this summer. Four children are under treatment at the expense of the Juniors at present, and six are coming soon, both at Calgary and Edmonton. These sick kiddies are visited by members of the Junior Red Cross who also supply them with toys and write to them during their illness.

The Provincial Headquarters has encouraging news from Athabasca, where the new hospital is being operated. The Matron in charge writes that recently the mother of a child born in the institution insisted that it be christened there and asked the doctor and the matron to stand as Godfather and Godmother. After the ceremony the matron drove the mother sixteen miles into the country where they were met by

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S.E. ¼ 23-27-9,  
Collinsville, Alta.

Shipments of Alberta horses  
are being made to Trinidad.



## Agricultural College Training Is Essential To Highest Success With Farming

There was time in this country when the virgin soil was capable of producing crop without fertilizing; when any kind of crop could be produced with little cultivation; when the variety of crops grown was small; when the livestock industry and its many problems were practically non-existent, and when man's needs were comparatively few and simple. In those days a man did not require much education to be a farmer.

It may be true still that the practical farmer who has been raised from boyhood on the land and is enthusiastic and intelligent about his work may succeed better than the man who has learned all he knows about farming from books or college lectures. But this is no argument against agricultural education or the college course for the would-be farmer who is ambitious and wants the best preparation he can get for his work on the farm. To such a young man the agricultural college makes a strong appeal and to such the college offers the training and knowledge that is essential to the highest success in this avocation.

There are some who are very skeptical as to the value of a college education, but they are not usually fond enough of those who have shared its privileges. The man who values education solely for its ability to produce additional dollars may look at some underpaid scholar and as he contrasts him with the self-made millionaire may conclude that education does not pay, but the scholar in his humble dwelling with his well-beloved books, knowing that he has something which all the millionaires' millions cannot buy. There is a satisfaction in getting close to the heart of things which every genuine student enjoys, and the wider vision which proper mental training insures has a value which cannot be estimated.

It will probably be found to be true that the college-trained man's training capacity is increased by his college training to an extent which more than repays the heavy early outlay; but this does not seem the essential argument in pleading for college education. The real value of education cannot rightly be measured in material things. It is true that college may give us Marquis wheat, the Panama Canal, the aeroplane, and most of the discoveries in medical science, but, after all, the essential thing is the alert, enquiring mind, and when this is secured all kinds of startling discoveries follow as a matter of course.

No man knows what latent powers lie within him. College but gives him a little better chance to develop those powers. Sometimes his own friends have profound disbelief in a man, and his education, if secured at all, is secured in downright defiance of all his best friends. Well is it for the man whose inward urge is strong enough to drive him forward in face of such opposition! "Don't be a fool, John," has been about the only kind of encouragement some young fellows have had in their struggle for an education. All honor to the men who in such circumstances have fought their way to higher educational advantages.

### Dover-Calais Tunnel.

Work will be started this fall on the Dover-Calais tunnel on both sides of the Channel and travellers will be able to go by train from London to Siberia and the Far East, or to Baghdad on the Persian Gulf without any difficulty in comfortable sleeping cars, eat their meals in the diners and watch the camels in the desert gaudily with their big loads as they have done for thousands of years—New York Times.

### 44,000 Vehicles a Day.

What is the busiest thoroughfare in London? Most people would say Piccadilly Circus or Trafalgar Square, or the streets converging on the Mansion House. They would be wrong. The greatest amount of traffic is at Hyde Park Corner, where in something like 44,000 vehicles pass in the course of a normal twelve-hour day. Piccadilly Circus comes next with 37,000.

### An Artful Dodger.

"When does your husband find time to do all his reading?" "Usually when I want to tell him something important."

### No Men Are Allowed.

A large poultry farm at Welwyn, England, is owned and operated by women, no man being allowed on the payroll or on the premises.

Every dollar spent in your home town is a boost for the community.

W. N. U. 1381

## Woman In Trance For Five Years

Treatment Has Restored Her to Apparent Good Health.

The remarkable case of a woman who remained in a trance five years, and the unusual methods by which she was restored to normalcy, were related recently by Dr. Pierre Janet, leading French neurologist, at the annual meeting of the American Neurological Association. This was the first time that Dr. Janet had made public the unusual case, which was extremely interesting to the neurologists because of the extraordinary period in which the woman was apparently unconscious.

Dr. Janet said that the patient, a woman of 21, had first had lapses of memory when she was 13, but had quickly recovered from them. During the war she suddenly became unconscious. Forced feeding was resorted to and for many months her mental faculties were apparently dormant. Once the hospital in which she was lying was bombed by German airplanes, and a bomb exploding just outside the window did not cause her to move a muscle. Dr. Janet was finally able to hypnotize the patient and learned that she had subconsciously retained mental impressions of some of the incidents of the hospital.

Later she was taught to eat by leaving food beside her bed at night. In the end Dr. Janet said, he established the patient's connection with the outside world by establishing a system of clandestine correspondence with her. Letters, Dr. Janet was told, which he left for the woman were soon answered with regularity.

From this time, he said, she began to take an interest in outside affairs, and in a comparatively short period she regained apparently complete control of herself. She is now, Dr. Janet said, in apparent good mental and physical health.

## No Degrees In Honesty

Men Are Honest In Everything Or Honest In Nothing.

A \$10 bill is either good or bad. A man is either honest or dishonest. If he is honest he will not cheat or steal or take undue advantage of another man under any circumstances. If he is dishonest his cheating and stealing will be limited only by his opportunity or his timidity.

The difference between big thieves and little crooks is sometimes a difference of courage. The little thief does not steal continually because he is afraid to. "The big thief has less timidity—or less imagination, and steals whenever he has a chance. But one is just as dishonest as the other. And often the little fellow is the worst, for he adds cowardice to his crookedness."

A full grown man or woman, trained in life, who does a dishonest action will do another under the same circumstances. A boy or girl, lacking this training, will sometimes become straight with the growth of intelligence.

For the ancient adage about honesty being the best policy is so apparent to common sense that even people who are mentally crooked often turn honest and remain honest, merely because more profit can be had in that manner of life.

It is well to apply the honesty test to yourself, and change your method if you find that under certain circumstances you would take advantage of a fellow creature—legally or illegally. It is well to dread friends that you catch cheating at cards, or at golf, or in business. For the cheat is a particularly despicable form of crook, and deserves no friends whatever.

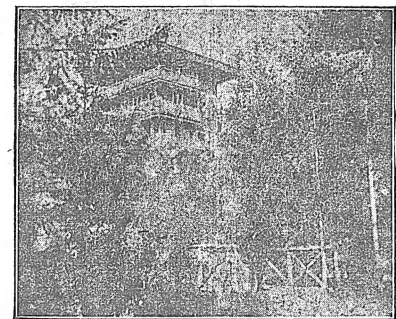
Never think that a man or a woman is a little dishonest, or dishonest about some things and honest about others. They are 100 per cent. honest or not honest at all. They are honest in everything or honest in nothing. If they are honest, as we believe most people are, they are worthy to be trusted. If they are dishonest, knowing what dishonesty means, the wider berth you give them the better it will be for you.

### Loneliness In London

At the time of the census, nine per cent. of the population of London, England, was composed of persons living alone. Of these lonely lives, \$8,594 were women. Men are evidently more gregarious, as there were only 37,130 in 1911.

The faster a man lives the quicker he will occupy ground-floor space in a cemetery.

## Switzerland in Canada



The Home of a Swiss Guide at Edelweiss, B.C.

A very successful attempt at introducing the Swiss chalet type of architecture into the Canadian Rockies has been carried out at the village of Edelweiss.

Miniature chalets of the Alps here blend in with the Canadian landscape in the side-hills above Golden as though part of it. The "Swiss-lines" of the little cottages themselves are further enhanced by the use of rustic bridges and handrails leading up to the cottages tiering one above another ever higher in true "excelsior" fashion.

It is customary in the very nature of his swift passing for the tourists sitting by the window of the speeding "through train" to catch only a glimpse of this hybrid among villages. Yet, the natural human-interest felt in the real Swiss guide at Lake Louise who safely conducts you to the Ten Peaks and by other of those entrancing "Trails" focussing around "The Lakes in the Clouds" must often have aroused your curiosity as to where these wonderful mountaineers live when off duty. And you must often have found yourself speculating as to the home-life of the "Guide" so calmly and with such perfect assurance playing the hazardous double-roll of "Trail-Maker" and "Trail-Master."

This foreigner is a specialist. And the fact that his knowledge of our own mountains is so much greater

than the average Canadian's, gives him an added interest. At the same time the Swiss Guide represents in his mountaineering a gift of Switzerland to . . . A happy gift indeed when one thinks of it as a friendly holding out of experience gained in her mountains, a neighborly gift of knowledge which may help to interpret the Canadian Rockies in many of their most complicated and beautiful but "difficult" passages to us, who have so little time. . . a week or two at most of summer holidaying. . . in which to learn the gigantic secrets of these marvellous "Rocks."

Trailing the human interest story of these Swiss guides leads one straight to . . . Edelweiss. Straight to its revelation of the established presence of the Swiss chalet in Canada.

It leads one too, to a little family gathering of happy wives and little children. The happier for the feeling of home given by the presence which these their homes in the west, bear to the cottage, climbing the mountain-side, somewhere over there in the old land of Alpine Switzerland where fathers and mothers and sisters and brothers, still live.

No one would claim that Edelweiss is perfect from the architectural viewpoint. That would be absurd. Rather it has the happy little imperfections which must ever attend beginnings.

## Likes Irrigated Land

South American Is Impressed With Possibilities of Alberta Irrigated Area.

In an interview with a representative of the Calgary Herald, Paul D. Sheridan O'Leary, of San Sebastian, Nicaragua, who is touring Western Canada expresses his satisfaction with this country. "I must say that Southern Manitoba impresses me most as the country in which to grow wheat on a large scale," Mr. O'Leary told the reporter, "but the land under irrigation in Alberta is what pleases me most from an intensified farming standpoint. I have several small commissions as well as the large one and am recommending my friends to Alberta irrigated land. The people will gradually come to farm smaller tracts of irrigated land, and they will get much more out of them. Properly farmed, an eighty-acre plot of irrigated land will pay more than a quarter section not so well looked after. Your irrigated section east of Calgary is a gradually increasing source of prosperity."

## Lady Seeks Sunken Gold

Miss Foster of England Managing Her Own Yacht.

In her 15-ton motor yacht, Miss Knowles Foster, F.R.G.S., set off from London for the coast of Norfolk to search for two weeks said to contain Australian gold. Anyone can buy the wreck from the Admiralty and salvage it for themselves. The Admiralty fix the time limit during which the wreck must either be cleared or blown up and in addition they claim half the salvage. Miss Foster navigates her yacht herself and is studying for a master's ticket. The crew consists of a steward and two divers. Miss Foster's agreement with the Admiralty is that she must carry out her adventure to the bitter end, even if it costs her her last penny.

### Extend Period.

The date of application for war service gratuity for Imperial veterans is extended to March 31, 1922. This action has been secured to cover a few cases which are still outstanding. Any Imperial veteran may secure the necessary information from the secretary of the G.W.V.A.

One kind of optimist is a self-satisfied bachelor who thinks he might be happy if married.

## When the Conference Failed

Idealism Survived In League of Nations Said Gen. Snuts.

The real tragedy of the Peace Conference was not its concrete failures, but its devastating effect on those generous and constructive impulses that animated the whole world on the morrow of the armistice. The one slender remnant of idealism that survived the conference, said General Snuts the other day, was the League of Nations. That is largely true. This League of Nations has no place in our domestic affairs, but there is need of the same spirit in the relationship of organized bodies of men with a nation as between bodies of men organized in different nations. And the chief constituent of that spirit is readiness to give an opponent credit for motives as honorable as our own. Only so can understanding, sympathy and mutual confidence be engendered.—The London Daily News.

## Living In Dugouts

Little Or No Progress Made In Reconstruction By Poverty-Ridden Peasants.

Hundreds of families in the war-devastated territory about Dvinsk, Latvia, are still living in dugouts used by German and Russian soldiers in the early days of the war.

Little or no progress toward reconstruction has been made in the scores of razed villages because of the poverty of the people, who, for a long time after the war between Russia and Germany ended, were under Bolshevik rule.

### Sentenced To Attend Church.

Five young men, of Washington, North Carolina, are under sentence to attend church regularly for one year.

They were convicted of stealing automobile supplies, and Judge Horton gave them their choice of going to the county roads for one year or attending church regularly for the same length of time.

### Ice That Sinks.

By the use of high pressure, water has been converted into a new ice so dense and heavy that it sinks in water instead of floating.

After a man gets a little sense he discovers that the quickest way to get through a crowd is to walk around it.

## Timber Wealth Of The Prairie Provinces Of Great Importance

It seems a contradiction in terms to speak of timber or the lumber industry in regard to Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, that vast territory so widely known as the prairie provinces. But it is the term which is at fault for the appellation is a misnomer and only the southern section of these provinces, that area first penetrated and settled, can strictly be called prairie, and even so this apparently treeless vast is relieved by general clumps of brush, by the wooded banks of river and stream, and by the density of forestation on its rocky outcrops.

When the northern boundary of this prairie expanse is passed, a fine luxuriant parkland is pierced with bush, at first light and scattered, but becoming thicker and denser as progress is made northwards. Finally, in the north, heavy woods and swamps are encountered containing much merchantable timber and pulpwood.

With the vast stands of merchantable timber in other provinces existing in close contiguity to the railroads and other transportation means, and with the comparatively recent settlement of the western provinces and the almost exclusive attention paid to agriculture and its many phases, not a great deal of attention has been paid to timber in the west, excluding, of course, British Columbia, where the industry is of prime importance. But in the light of the universal talk of conservation of forest wealth, the heavy toll upon other Canadian forest areas by reason of the wasteful methods of other countries in the past, and the need for our own forests, with the possibility of their depletion or, indeed, exhaustion, if the most rigorous methods of preservation are not extended, it will not be long before greater attention is paid to the more remote wooded areas of the prairie provinces and these areas be called upon to help out in the situation. A figure awaits the prairie provinces at the hands of the lumberman and pulpman.

It has been estimated that there are about 500,000,000 acres of forest lands in Canada about half of which is covered with merchantable timber, and the value of the forest products in 1918 was \$279,548,011. The prairie provinces contain about eight million acres of commercial timber lands, 5,400,000 acres of which are in Alberta, 1,920,000 acres in Manitoba, and 750,000 acres in Saskatchewan. In addition to this, there are large reservoirs of pulpwood upon which no really accurate estimate has been made.

Manitoba is about seventy per cent. wooded, and in this province the principal heavily timbered sections have been set aside as government forest reserves located west of the Red River in the southern part of the province. On the upper plateau of this section are spruce, jack pine and tamarac; in the cooler elm, oak, basswood and white pine. The principal trees in order of present importance are white spruce, black spruce, jack pine, tamarac, balsam fir, aspen, cedar, burr oak, paper or white birch, red elm, green ash, white oak, balsam, balsam of Gilead, black ash, basswood, Manitoba maple, cottonwood, red ash, and balsam poplar.

Whilst little extensive commercial use has been made of these woods from the lack of exploitation due to conditions already noted, they possess a potential worth commercially of some magnitude, and have already been extensively made use of locally. The province, it has been estimated, contains about 192,000 feet of saw timber, or 4,000,000 feet B.M.

Alberta is estimated to contain about twenty-one billion board feet of saw timber, the principal species being spruce, lodgepole pine, Douglas fir, poplar balsam fir, white birch and tamarac. Fires have wrought destructive havoc in the forests of the province much of which has been devastated and on the burnt-over areas the reproduction is mainly lodgepole pine with areas of poplar and birch. Lumbering operations are principally confined to the Rocky Mountains Reserve which contains all the lumber at present merchantable in Alberta.

There are nearly eight hundred square miles at present under license on permits issued prior to the establishment of the reserve.

In Saskatchewan the area actually timbered with merchantable trees is about 750,000 acres, the country to the northeast being heavily timbered with spruce, tamarac and jack pine. Prince Albert is the centre of Saskatchewan's lumber industry.

Though the timber trade of the prairie provinces has not as yet made a startling record in Dominion figures, it is provincially of a high value and of great local importance, and the economic history of the great plains would have been very different but for

their possession of the northern woods. Whilst little, if any, of the timber cut ever gets beyond the borders of its native province, there is a local market whose demands are increasing yearly. The prairie provinces are showing a steady expansion perhaps unprecedented in the history of new countries and their cities and towns, and, above all, their agricultural areas, have need of lumber in ever increasing quantities.

## Germans Undersell British

Lower Production Cost Driving English From Markets.

Considerable concern is felt throughout Great Britain over German competition with British goods. The anxiety is due to lower production costs in Germany, partly because of the depreciation in value of the mark, and partly, it is feared because of the superior energy and industry among German workers. In a featured article, the Daily Express asserts that "in every country in the world Germany is underselling Britain."

Surprising examples of underselling are given. It is asserted that Germans are sending steel to England \$20 a ton cheaper than it can be made in England. Many small articles are produced in Germany at one-fourth to one-tenth of the cost of their production anywhere else in the world. For example, an electric switch, costing ten cents to produce in Germany, is selling in Great Britain for \$1. Also, almost daily come reports that Germans are underselling English flannels from 20 to 50 per cent. on contract work. The latest example is on the protected Havre to Paris oil pipe line.

The Daily Mail asserts that Great Britain is being driven from markets that formerly were her's exclusively. A British officer recently returned from South America reports the existence there of an elaborate German trade organization which is driving out both British and American products. The importance of this to the foreign trade of the United States is obvious, for with Europe's buying capacity crippled as it is, South America is one of the few rich undeveloped markets in the world.

## Official Wine Tasters

Earn Big Money and Show Wonderful Efficiency.

Fifteen hundred pounds a year is the salary paid by our Government to its official wine taster, William Phelley, says London Answers.

It sounds a good deal of money to go to merely sampling various vintages, but some French "tasters"—who by the way are often women—earn far more than this.

Mlle. Collinere, for instance, the famous Rhines expert, is paid a regular retaining fee of £2,500 per annum by a well-known firm of wine growers and shippers, and receives at least as much more from her private "practice."

But then she is easily first amongst the followers of this curious profession. So unflinching is her trained judgment, and so delicate her palate, that she can tell instantly by merely taking a spoonful of wine in her mouth the particular vineyard in which were grown the grapes it was made from, its vintage year, and all other particulars.

The taster may not smoke, and, as a rule, does not drink anything stronger than water, the wine to be sampled being merely tasted and never swallowed.

### Chinaman's Queer House.

In the little town of Clinton, B.C., there is a house, the walls of which are bottles laid in mud somewhat after the manner in which bricks are laid in mortar. The necks of the bottles are on the outside of the walls. The roof is made of poles covered with earth slung with tin cut from old coal cans. The house was built and is owned by a Chinaman.

### His Choice.

Mrs. Runabout—These shoes have short vamps. Do you like the short vamps?

Her Absentminded Husband—Can't say that I do. I prefer the tall, willow kind.

When a boy gets his first watch he is never satisfied until he can prove that some of the parts are missing.

Two first edition copies of Bunyan's "Pilgrim's Progress" have just been sold in London for \$10,000.

Give your local merchants a chance. Buy at home.

## Oh, Money! Money!

— BY —  
ELEANOR H. PORTER

Printed by Special Arrangements with Thos. Allen, Toronto, Ont.

(Continued)

"Er—yes, oh, yes. I'm a Blaisdell," nodded Mr. Smith hastily. "Very likely I've got the—Blaisdell nose. Eh?" Then he turned a leaf of the album abruptly, decidedly. "And who may this be?" he demanded, pointing to the tintype of a bright-faced young girl.

"That? Oh, that's my cousin Grace when she was sixteen. She died when she was a wonderful girl. I'll tell you about her."

"Yes, do," urged Mr. Smith; and even the closest observer, watching his face, could not have seen that he was not absently interested in Miss Flora's story of "my cousin Grace."

It was not until the last leaf of the album was reached that he came upon the picture of a small girl, with big, hungry eyes looking out from beneath long lashes.

"That's Millicent—where you're boarding, you know—when she was little," Miss Flora frowned disapprovingly. "But it's horrid, poor child!"

"But she looks so—so sad," murmured Mr. Smith.

"Yes, I know. She always did. Miss Flora sighed and frowned again. She hesitated, then burst out, as if irresistibly impelled from within. "It's only just another case of never leaving what you want when you want it, Mr. Smith. And it ain't 'cause they're poor, either. They ain't poor—no more like me, I mean. Frank's always done well, and he's been a good provider; but it's my sister-in-law—her way, I mean. Not that she's anything against Jane. Jane's a good woman, and she's very kind to me. She's always saying what she'd do for me if she only had the money. She's a good housekeeper, too, and her house is as neat as wax. But it's just that she never thinks she can use anything she's got till it's so out of date she don't want it. I dressmake for her, you see, so I know—about her clothes and her hair, you know. And if she ever does wear a decent thing she's afraid it will ruin the never takes any comfort in it!"

"Well, that is—very true," said Mr. Smith.

"Yes, ain't it? And she's brought up that poor child that way. Why, from babyhood, Millicent never had her clothes till she wanted dolls, nor her blocks till she wanted dolls, nor her dolls till she was big enough for beauty. And that's the way the poor child always took so wall-eyed and hungry. She was hungry—even if she did get enough to eat."

"Mrs. Blaisdell probably believed in—economy," hazarded Mr. Smith.

"Economy! My stars, I should think she did. I tell you, I just don't to have said anything of course. It's a good trait. I only wish some of folks' got mention had more of it. There's Jim's case, for instance. Now, if he's got ten cents, she'll spend fifteen—and five more to show how she spent it. She said, 'Jane ought to be shaken up to a bag together. Why, Mr. Smith, Jane doesn't let herself enjoy anything. She's always keeping it for a better time. Though sometimes I think she does enjoy just seeing how far she can make a dollar go. But Millicent don't, nor Frank; and it's hard on them.'"

"I should say it might be," Mr. Smith was looking at the wistful eyes under the long lashes.

"Tis; and 'tain't right, I believe. There is such a thing as being too economical. I tell you, I've just read one about a man who pinched and saved all his life, not even buying peanuts to eat. I just dotted on 'em. And when he did get rich, so he could buy the peanuts, he bought a big bag the first thing. But he didn't eat 'em. He held 'em for a year till he'd chew 'em with."

"Well, that was a catastrophe!" laughed Mr. Smith, as he pocketed his notebook and rose to his feet. "And now I thank you very much, Miss Blaisdell, for the help you've been to me."

"Oh, you're quite welcome, indeed you are, Mr. Smith," beamed Miss Blaisdell. "It's done me good, just to talk to you about all these folks and pictures. I've enjoyed it. I do get lonesome sometimes, all alone, and I ain't so busy as I wish I was, always. But I'm afraid I haven't helped you much—just this."

"Oh, yes, you have—perhaps more than you think," smiled the man, with an odd look in his eyes.

"Have I? Well, I'm glad, Mr. sure. And don't forget to go to Mr. Maggie now. She'll have a lot to tell you, poor Maggie! And she'll be so glad to show you!"

"All right, thank you; I'll surely interview—Miss Maggie," smiled the man in good-bye.

He had also said "poor" Maggie himself, though why she should be poor Maggie had come to be an all-absorbing question with him. He had been tempted once to ask Miss Flora, but something had held him back. That evening at the supper table, however, in talking with Mrs. Jane Blaisdell, the question came

## Diet Not Everything In Keeping Healthy

Your table may be loaded with food digestible and wholesome, yet you don't get strong. What's the trouble? The liver is lazy, stomach is overloaded, the bowels are not active. Relief is quickly supplied by Dr. Hamilton's Pills. They make weak sickly people strong and well because they keep the system clear of impurities. Those who regulate the system with Dr. Hamilton's Pills don't have indigestion or constipated headaches, they feel rested all over, because their system is kept in smooth running order.

To revitalize and stimulate your whole being, to shake off lethargy and listlessness, nothing compares with Dr. Hamilton's Pills which certainly bring good looks, good spirits, good health, etc. all together. Or The Catarrhosee Co., Montreal.

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Mrs. Jane herself had introduced Miss Maggie's name, and had said an inconsequential something about her when Mr. Smith asked—

"Mrs. Blaisdell, please—may I ask? I must confess to a great curiosity as to why Miss Duff is always 'poor Maggie'?"

"Mrs. Blaisdell laughed pleasantly. "Why, really, I don't know," she answered, "only it just comes natural, that's what she herself has been so unfortunate. There I did it again, didn't I? That only goes to show how we all do it, unconsciously."

Frank Blaisdell, across the table, gave a sudden emphatic sniff.

"Humph! Well, I guess if you had to live with Father Duff, Jane, it would be 'poor Jane' with you, all right!"

"Yes, I know. This wife sighed complacently. "Father Duff's a trial, and no mistake. But Maggie doesn't seem to mind."

"Mind! Aunt Maggie's a saint—that's what she herself has been so unfortunate. There I did it again, didn't I? That only goes to show how we all do it, unconsciously."

Nothing more was said just then, but in the evening, later, after Mr. Smith had gone to sleep with young Frank, and his father had gone back to the store, Mrs. Blaisdell took up the matter of "poor Maggie" again.

"I've been thinking what you said," she began, "about our calling her 'poor Maggie'; and I've made up my mind it's because we're all so sorry for her. You see, she's been so unfortunate, as I said. Poor Maggie! I've so often wished there was something to do for her. Of course if I only had money—but we haven't; so I can't. And even money wouldn't take away her father, either. Oh, money! I don't mean that, really—not the way it sounded," broke off Mrs. Blaisdell, in shocked apology.

"At only money that she'd let her father to care for, just the same."

"It's something of a trial, I take it, eh?" smiled Mr. Smith.

"I should say he was, poor Maggie! How ever she endures it, I can't imagine. Of course, we call him Father Duff, but he's really got no relation to us—I mean to Frank and the rest. But their mother married him when they were children, and she was eighteen, and such a pretty girl, much, so he's the only father they know. When their mother died, Maggie had just entered college. She was eighteen, and such a pretty girl. I knew the family even then. Frank was just beginning to court me."

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trouble, I believe, between him and Father Duff at the time he went to Alaska, so that explains it, probably. Anyway, he's never done anything for them. Well, when he gave out, Maggie just gave up college then, and settled down to take care of her father, though I guess she's always studied some strong. What's the trouble? The liver is lazy, stomach is overloaded, the bowels are not active. Relief is quickly supplied by Dr. Hamilton's Pills. They make weak sickly people strong and well because they keep the system clear of impurities. Those who regulate the system with Dr. Hamilton's Pills don't have indigestion or constipated headaches, they feel rested all over, because their system is kept in smooth running order.

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"Mind! Aunt Maggie's a saint—that's what she herself has been so unfortunate. There I did it again, didn't I? That only goes to show how we all do it, unconsciously."

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"I've been thinking what you said," she began, "about our calling her 'poor Maggie'; and I've made up my mind it's because we're all so sorry for her. You see, she's been so unfortunate, as I said. Poor Maggie! I've so often wished there was something to do for her. Of course if I only had money—but we haven't; so I can't. And even money wouldn't take away her father, either. Oh, money! I don't mean that, really—not the way it sounded," broke off Mrs. Blaisdell, in shocked apology.

"At only money that she'd let her father to care for, just the same."

"It's something of a trial, I take it, eh?" smiled Mr. Smith.

"I should say he was, poor Maggie! How ever she endures it, I can't imagine. Of course, we call him Father Duff, but he's really got no relation to us—I mean to Frank and the rest. But their mother married him when they were children, and she was eighteen, and such a pretty girl, much, so he's the only father they know. When their mother died, Maggie had just entered college. She was eighteen, and such a pretty girl. I knew the family even then. Frank was just beginning to court me."

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## False Claims.

WE hope there is no Mother who thinks she can treat her sick baby without calling in a Physician, or with remedies that she uses for herself.

Most Mothers know that Baby requires remedies especially prepared for babies, yet there are some who think that what is good enough for them is good enough for Baby, and it is to these Mothers we appeal to give nothing to their babies that is not specially prepared for babies or recommended by their Physician.

False claims may kill, but false claims can never restore your child.

For over thirty years Fletcher's Castoria has been aiding in the reduction of the deaths among infants as Mothers have become more and more acquainted with it. Always keep it in the house.

## Children Cry For Fletcher's CASTORIA

### Are You Prepared?

A doctor in the house all the time would be a good idea. Yet you can't afford to keep a doctor in the family to keep baby well or prevent sickness. But you can do almost the same thing by having at hand a bottle of Fletcher's Castoria, because it is a wonderful remedy for indigestion, colic, feverishness, fretfulness and all the other disorders that result from common ailments that babies have.

Fletcher's Castoria is perfectly safe to use. It is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. Children cry for Fletcher's Castoria, and mothers recommend it because they have found it a comfort to children and a mother's friend.

If you love your baby, you know how sweet it is to be able to help baby when trouble comes. You cannot always call upon a doctor. But doctors have nothing but good to say of Fletcher's Castoria, because they know that it can only do good—that it can't do any harm—and they wouldn't want you to use for baby a remedy that you would use for yourself.

MOTHERS SHOULD READ THE BOOKLET THAT IS AROUND EVERY BOTTLE OF FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

## Britain Did Not Want Heligoland

Denial of German Story That Admiralty Wished to Recover It.

Official circles here deny all knowledge of the report in the German press that the British Admiralty has been trying to recover Heligoland.

During the war it was no secret that the Admiralty were very glad that that island was no longer British territory. It may have been a valuable outpost in the archipelago of naval warfare, but in these times of submarines, torpedoes and aircraft it would have been far more of an embarrassment than advantage.

Britain would never have fortified it as Germany did, and it was indeed steadily crumbling away before attacks of the sea until the Germans spent immense sums in building up the island. Consequently if it had still been under the British flag in 1914 it could only have been held at a cost out of all proportion to its value, or it must have been abandoned to the Germans with a consequent heavy loss of prestige to the British navy.

Under the Treaty of Versailles its fortifications have been dismantled and its heavy guns removed, and it has, in their opinion, been thus rendered innocuous for any warlike purpose.

### Food For Russia

Shipments Have Arrived and Crisis Should Be Over.

Moscow papers say that the local food crisis there should now be over, food shipments have come in both from abroad and from the provinces, and that regular distribution should now proceed. The basis of current distribution of bread is, however, only three pounds for five days to workmen of the "preferred" classes, and only one pound for five days to the "non-preferred" classes. The former are also to get four pounds of herrings.

Reports from Petrograd state that 41,000 tons of foodstuffs, mostly flour, herrings, beans, rice, etc., have either arrived or are en route for the capital. More than 1,000,000 sythes and thousands of other agricultural implements have already arrived there.

"And he never tried again?"

"No. He went to Alaska then. Hasn't never been back since. He's done well, too, they say, and I always thought he'd end somehow, but he never has. There was some

### Anglo-French Entente

Nations Are Cordial Again After Wordy War.

Great Britain and France, according to latest reports, are now cordially embracing one another with great intensity and exchanging perfervid Gallie kisses on both cheeks. They were, as we know, up to a day or so ago, engaged in a wordy duel, which covered the blackest intentions towards each other, and might have led to actual hostilities before there was even time to cable the news to North America.

It is very cheering to hear all this, even if it shows a somewhat mercenary temperament in these giddy old nations, but, if we stop to think a moment, does it not all rather cast a doubt upon the creditability of some of our ordinary dispatches?—Winnipeg Tribune.

The biggest yearly rainfall in Assam. In 1861 the world's record was broken there by a fall of 805 inches, or more than 67 feet of rain.

### Away Up North

Potatoes Grown At Fort Norman Average 400 Bushels to Acre.

A Mackenzie River tourist, on returning to Edmonton from visiting the oil-well at Fort Norman, notes that last year at Fort Simpson 375 bushels of potatoes were secured from half an acre and 450 bushels the year before. It is, of course, no news to Edmonton people to learn of the success of agricultural operations in the far north, but it means a good deal to have this impressed on the outside public. It gives a new conception of the dominion. Fort Simpson is about 800 miles in a straight line northwest of Edmonton.—Edmonton Journal.

Of a thousand persons only one reaches the age of a hundred years, while only one couple in eleven thousand live to celebrate their diamond wedding.

Spent your money at home, thereby helping your own town and local merchants.

### Richest Silver Mine

Silver Islet Mine Reopened After Forty Years' Idleness.

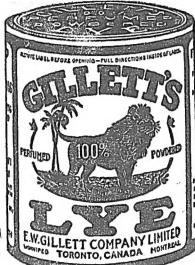
Good progress is being made at the famous Silver Islet mine, which was once the richest silver mine in the world, and has been reopened after 40 years' idleness. The Silver Islet Exploration Company has completed about 200 feet of the drift, which is being run underneath Lake Superior and in which they expect by driving 1,200 feet, to tap three mines, each as rich as the former Silver Islet vein.

Inherited—A Loose Tongue. A schoolmaster wrote this brief criticism on a boy's report: "A good worker, but talks too much." When the report came back signed according to rule by the boy's father, it bore besides the signature this feeling report: "You should hear his mother!"—Youth's Companion.

A man who is to be trusted usually owes a lot of other men.

**MURINE Night and Morning**  
For Reddened Eyes, Itchy Eyes, Itchy Turn, Itchy, Irritated, Inflamed, or  
**YOUR EYES** Granulated, use Murine often. Soothes, Refreshes, Safe for Infant or Adult. At All Druggists and Opticians. Write for Free Eye Book. Write for Ready to Use





## World Happenings Briefly Told

Chicago is experimenting with a wireless telephone system connecting all fire and police stations.

Transportation rates on livestock on the Pacific Great Eastern Railway will be reduced about 35 per cent. immediately.

For the first time in many years the water in Lake Superior is warm enough to permit comfortable bathing at Duluth.

Germany owed the U.S. up to April 20 last \$240,744,511 for maintenance of American troops on the Rhine.

"Silver Threads Among the Gold" ballad, with half a century of popularity, is still earning \$5,000 a year in royalties.

Reuter's Melbourne cable says it is officially stated that Australia will probably send a delegation to the next meeting of the League of Nations.

Mrs. Wilbur Smith, 84, of Mantua, N.J., is cutting her third set of teeth. A printing plant for counterfeiting Government doctors' liquor prescription blanks was seized at Boston.

The sum of \$53,875 has been collected in Port Arthur for infractions of the Ontario Temperance Act and other prohibitory measures since the closing of the bars in 1916.

Icebergs, three hundred feet high and seven hundred feet long were seen off the Grand Banks of Newfoundland by passengers on the steamship Columbia which arrived at New York recently.

Twenty-four people have been reported drowned in serious floods which are raging throughout the prefecture of Yamagata. Five thousand houses have been submerged and forty bridges destroyed by the floods.

The Dominion Government seaplane "D.S.," stationed at Victoria Beach, Lake Winnipeg, was completely destroyed by fire. Four men on board had a narrow escape before being rescued by campers.

Japan has postponed its promised evacuation of Siberia until stability is restored, says a wireless message received from Chita, the seat of government of the Far Eastern republic of Siberia.

A trapper named Smith and another whose name is unknown, are believed to have been lost in the rapids of Black River in the Arctic Circle. Don. Cadswold, trapper from Rampart House, brought the news of the disappearance of the two men when he came to Dawson.

## OF INTEREST TO WOMEN

This is a Short Letter, But It Proves the Reliability of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Bothwell, Ont.—"I was weak and run down, had no appetite and was nervous. The nurse who took care of me told me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and now I am getting strong. I recommend your medicine to my friends, and you may use my testimonial."—Mrs. W. J. Brady, R. R. 2, Bothwell, Ont.

The reason why Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is so successful in overcoming woman's ills is because it contains the tonic, strengthening properties of good old-fashioned roots and herbs, which act on the female organism. Women from all parts of the country are continually testifying to its strengthening, beneficial influence, and as it contains no narcotics or harmful drugs it is a safe medicine for women.

If you want specific advice write Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential), Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read, and answered by women only.

W. N. U. 1381

## Not as Wise as the Squirrels

The Bolshevik Lack of Foresight in Providing for the Future.

What Secretary Hughes has described as the progressive impoverishment of the masses of Russia has continued, and they have arrived at the present appalling tragedy. The consequences unescapably flowed from the conditions that were artificially established. Lenin's policy was not up to the level of that of the squirrel which stores against future need. Lack of rain precipitated the famine, and its cause lies elsewhere. Bolsheviks reduced production to the verge of extinction, and there was no reserve when nature turned slackener. From the New York Tribune.

## Russian Predicts A World Triumvirate

Germany, Russia and United States to Form It.

The world triumvirate of the future has been pictured as Germany, Russia and the United States. Serge Makaroff, one of the leaders of the revolution of 1906 and now an exile in Paris, made the prediction in an interview.

"I am anything but an admirer of German ideals," Makaroff declared, "but I can see that the natural trend of events will bring Germany to the side of Russia and America as a commercial and military ally."

Makaroff's theory is given wide credence in the Russian colony of 100,000 here.

Germany is Russia's natural ally on the west, Makaroff said, because of their mutual interests, Russia, he declared, is America's ally in the east because she is the only power that can co-operate with the United States in the Pacific without a clash of interests.

## Guarding Against X-Ray Dangers

Dangers Can Be Avoided By the Adoption of Efficient Protection.

The widespread alarm caused by recent accounts of the new and unsuspected dangers of X-Rays will be mitigated by the report issued by the X-Ray and Radium Protection Committee formed by doctors, and other men of science in Great Britain. These dangers concern the deep seated tissues of the body which were found to be affected by "hard" X-Rays—that is to say X-Rays with a strong power of penetration. The committee finds that the dangers can be avoided by the adoption of efficient protection and suitable working conditions. Only those who are constantly exposed to the rays are in any danger and therefore patients who are undergoing treatment need not be alarmed. Very promising results have been obtained recently in a London hospital from the treatment of cancer by means of hard X-Rays. The problem is to select the degree of hardness which will kill the malignant growth without affecting healthy tissues. Although it cannot be said that a cure for cancer has been discovered, an important step towards it has certainly been taken.

The Teaching of History. It is not only supremely important that the masses on whom Governments in the last resort depend, should be educated, but also that they should be specially versed in the historical lessons of their own and other countries. No other subject is more educative; none is more necessary to the civic life of today—yet in most of the schools of England history is still abominably taught. It is really of incalculable importance for the future of this country.—The London Daily Chronicle.

World's Deepest Lake. The deepest lake in the world is Lake Baikal, in Siberia, its area of over 9,000 square miles being about equal to Lake Erie in superficial extent; its enormous depth of between 4,000 and 4,500 feet makes the volume of its waters almost equal to that of Lake Superior, and although its surface is 1,350 feet above the sea level its bottom is nearly 3,000 feet below it.

Will Sell Horses After All. It is now announced that the War Office is negotiating for the sale of the 30,000 army horses in Mesopotamia, which the colonial secretary said were to be destroyed owing to the high cost of bringing them home.

The height of the Cathedral at Cologne, Germany, is 515 feet above the floor and 525 feet above the street.

A 35x5 cord tire for automobiles contains 30,000 feet of cord or over five and a half miles.

After you know some people well you are apt to regret the politeness you wasted on them.

## Alberta Ships Horses

Trinidad Business Firm Ordered Them For Driving Purposes.

A trial shipment of Alberta horses is now on the way to Trinidad, where they are being sent on an order from a business firm there which wants them for driving purposes. Twenty-three animals, of small build, standing from fourteen to fifteen hands in height and weighing from 700 to 1,000 lbs., bought in the vicinity of Calgary, are being shipped as a first consignment, and a second lot to make up a total of fifty.

The shipment is in charge of J. D. Smith, of the department of agriculture. He will ship from Halifax by one of the West India steamer lines, and after delivering the animals to their buyers in Trinidad will spend some time looking into the future horse market there and at other points in the Indies. If Mr. Smith's investigations are satisfactory, it is likely that other shipments from Alberta will be made in the near future.

## That Dry Cough Is Bronchitis

If neglected, it will weaken the throat and perhaps reach the lungs. Nothing sure to help you quickly than the healing soothing vapor of Catarrhoxone. Its action is magical, every congested spot is healed, irritation is soothed away, phlegm and secretion are cleaned out, all symptoms of weak throat, Catarrh, Bronchitis disappear. Catarrhoxone is a genuine, scientific preparation. Sold everywhere in three sizes, 25c, 50c and one dollar for a complete two months treatment. Prepared by the Catarrhoxone Co., Montreal.

## Australia Gets Strange Weather

Snowstorm Is Unusual Experience For People of Antipodes.

A Reuter cable from Melbourne says that the entire state of Victoria has been experiencing very heavy weather recently, with a considerable snowfall, followed by a great deal of rain, even in Melbourne, where such conditions are most unusual. Several ocean vessels are overdue and there is some anxiety on account of coast vessels.

Lieut. Parer, of the Australian Air Force, who, with two companions, has been attempting a flight around Australia, ran into a blinding snowstorm and was obliged to descend.

## A Divorce Granted

After many years of patient suffering, you can be divorced from corns, you can get rid of them completely by applying Putnam's Corn Extract. This wonderful old remedy acts in 24 hours and never fails. Refuse a substitute and remember "Putnam's" is the only Painless remedy. 25c everywhere.

## 1920 Fur Catch Worth Two Millions

Muskrat Pelts Account For Half of the Revenue.

During the hunting season of 1920, furs valued at more than two million dollars were sold by Saskatchewan trappers.

Muskrat pelts brought the heaviest revenue, Chief Game Guardian Fred Bradshaw says. Sale of these amounted to \$1,009,476. They sold at \$2 a pelt. Coyote skins were the next heaviest item on the sale list. More than 18,000 of these were sold, bringing a revenue of \$294,176.

One of the surprising features of the statement is that which deals with skunk pelts. It shows that 9,974 of these were sold for \$5 each, bringing returns to trappers amounting to \$49,870.

Other animals which produced good returns for hunters were: Minks, martens, beavers, black and silver foxes, weasels, badgers and Wolverines.

Mr. Bradshaw says: "The most noticeable spread is that of muskrats, there being 380,328 pelts less than were purchased the year before. Beaver are down 500 skins, skunks show an increase of 4,000, and weasels display a remarkable increase of 25,000. All varieties of foxes show a slight decrease, while the remaining kinds of fur bearers show only slight variations from the catch of 1919."

## Official Title of Governor-General.

Canada's new governor-general will bear the following official titles: General His Excellency Julian Hedworth George Baron Pyne of Vinny, Knight Grand Cross of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath, Knight Grand Cross of the Most Distinguished Order of St. Michael and St. George, Member of the Royal Victorian Order, Governor-General and Commander-in-Chief of the Dominion of Canada.

Of the inhabitants of Mexico less than one in three can read or write.

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere.



## Use Cuticura Talcum To Powder and Perfume

An ideal face, skin, baby and dressing powder. Convenient and economical, it takes the place of other perfumes. A few grains sufficient. Available at all drug stores. Sold throughout the Dominion. Canadian Depot: 24 St. Paul St., Montreal. Cuticura Soap shaves without hurt.

## Driverless Auto Puzzled Police

Ohio Air Service Were Exhibiting Radio Controlled Car.

Dayton traffic policemen rubbed their eyes when a miniature automobile sailed past all semaphores. There was not a soul in it.

It was a driverless radio automobile controlled by a radio in a car 100 feet behind it.

The automobile itself contained no wireless and it is said to be the first of its kind publicly exhibited by the radio air service.

## CHOLERA INFANTUM

Cholera infantum is one of the fatal ailments of childhood. It is a trouble that comes on suddenly, especially during the summer months and unless prompt action is taken the little one may soon be beyond aid. Baby's Own Tablets are an ideal medicine in warding off this trouble. They regulate the bowels and sweeten the stomach and thus prevent all the dreaded summer complaints. Concerning them Mrs. Fred Rose, of South Bay, Ont., says: "I feel Baby's Own Tablets saved the life of our baby when she had cholera infantum and I would not be without them." The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

## American Engineers Visit Cranbrook

A party of fifty members of the American Institute of Mining Engineers will visit East Kootenay as the guests of the East Kootenay Prospectors Association and Cranbrook Board of Trade. The party will visit the Sullivan mine and other points of interest.

## Minard's Liniment For Burns, etc.

Some schools of mackerel are half a mile wide and twenty miles long and are estimated to contain one million barrels of fish.

## "COLD IN THE HEAD"

is an acute attack of Nasal Catarrh. These subjects to frequent "colds in the head" will find that the use of HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE will build up the system and render them liable to colds. Repeated attacks of Acute Catarrh may lead to Chronic Catarrh. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is taken by the nose and acts through the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system, thus restoring the inflammation and assisting Nature in restoring normal conditions. Druggists. Circulars free. F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

We are hungry because the cells and tissues all over the body are calling for nourishment, and their call is known as "hunger."

For Rheumatic Pains.—The pains and aches of Sciatica and Rheumatism should be treated with Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. The soothing and healing properties of this famous remedy have been demonstrated for fifty years. Use it also for inflammatory pains, cuts, scratches, bruises and sprains, either in human beings or the lower animals.

Signor Nitti, Italy's ex-premier habitually smokes 40 cigarettes and 10 cigars a day.

One of the commonest complaints of infants is worms, and the most effective remedy for them is Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator.

The Brooklyn Bridge towers (New York) are 287 feet in height, the spire of Trinity Church, Broadway, New York City, three feet less, or 284 feet tall.

One of the oddest periodicals in the world is a monthly paper devoted entirely to the interests of rheumatic sufferers.

By making your purchases from your home merchant you are contributing directly to the prosperity of the community in which you live.

At the burial of a London man his six dogs, draped in black, followed the cortege.

## For Motoring Or Yachting



By Marie Belmont.

There are so many occasions during the summer when a handsome wrap is needed that it is always well to have a coat that may be adapted for various uses. The wrap is made of bolivia cloth, with trimmings of silk serge. The sleeves are cut in one with the rest of the coat and they are distinguished by their wide cuffs. The coat is slightly bloused in the front, but is drawn snugly to the figure below the belt. The draped collar, the cuffs and the bulging pockets are made of blue silk serge that contrasts well with the beige bolivia cloth. Beige stitching enhances their beauty.

## The Need of Fresh Air.

Every time we breathe we draw thirty cubic inches of air into our lungs; supposing that we take fifteen breaths a minute for the twenty-four hours of the day, we use no less than 648,000 cubic inches of air, which would weigh over thirty pounds. One day's supply of air for one human being would be sufficient to fill 1,125 two-gallon cans; a year's supply would weigh more than five tons. From these figures it may be seen how necessary it is to keep windows open so that there may be a continuous supply of fresh air.

## Working the Centor.

A schoolgirl was required to write two hundred words about a motor car. She submitted the following: "My uncle bought a motor car. He was out riding in the country when it busted going up a hill. The other 180 words are what my uncle said when he was walking back to town, but I know you wouldn't want me to repeat them."—London Opinion.

## Between Girls.

The Flapper—Do you like Maybelle? Her Friend—Well, she has a good heart. "Neither do I!"



## Fuel Control Unlikely

Cabinet Considers Situation Calls For No Action.

Fuel control by the Dominion Government during the coming winter is unlikely. According to Sir George Foster, the question of fuel control has been under consideration, but apparently the situation calls for no action by the federal authorities. Sir George pointed out that the Provincial Governments were in a position to appoint fuel controllers if they so desired. Conditions during the war were very different from those prevailing at present, he said, and now there was a supply of fuel for those who wished to purchase it.

The Southerland Waterfall, in New Zealand, clears 1,905 feet in three leaps, and the Yosemite, in California, 2,600 feet in three, the first of which is 1,600 feet. In the rainy season the three are united in one fall.

Thousands of people hear better with their left ear than with their right. The constant use of the telephone is given as the cause of this peculiar development.

## CHANGE OF WATER WAS THE CAUSE OF DIARRHOEA

People moving from place to place are very much subject to diarrhoea on account of the change of water, climate, diet, etc. Prompt treatment with

## DR. FOWLER'S EXTRACT OF WILD STRAWBERRY

in such cases relieves the pain, checks the diarrhoea, and thus relieves the sufferer, the weakness and often-times collapse associated with an attack of this kind. It does this by checking the too frequent and irritating stools, settling the stomach and bracing up the weakened system, thus rendering it without a peer for the treatment of all bowel complaints of both old and young.

Mrs. Ernest S. Beaton, Grayburn, Sask., writes:—"Coming out here from the East, my two little girls took very sick, the change of water, etc., giving them diarrhoea. They were so pale, and used to vomit everything they would take, so I finally got a bottle of Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry, and I must say it certainly helped them. I have also used it when my children were teething and it is all you need for it." 76 years reputation stands behind this remedy. Price, 50c a bottle. Put up only by The W. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

## The Endurance of Your Automobile, Truck, or Tractor

Depends not only upon the time of Lubrication, but the kind of Lubrication.

## WHITMORE'S AUTO GEAR PROTECTIVE COMPOSITION

Adds 100% to Gear Life. Thousands of tests have been conducted by Lubricating experts to demonstrate the relative efficiency of various lubricants. The results of these tests conducted over a period of years, has fixed the choice of sixteen leading manufacturers. These manufacturers include: The largest builder of fine cars in the world; The largest builder of trucks in the world; The largest builder of sales in the world; The largest builder of worm gears in the world. Many lubricants contain acid. They not only fail to counteract friction, but are themselves harmful and corrosive to gear and bearing surfaces.

Whitmore's Auto Gear Compositions Contain No Acids. They are proof against heat and cannot break down or squeeze out. In the Panama Canal Emergency Dams, six million pounds rest on an unbroken film of WHITMORE'S. After an exhaustive test the U.S. Army contracted for its exclusive use. Manufactured by The Whitmore Manufacturing Co., Lubricating Engineers, Cleveland, Ohio.

## Canadian Automotive Sales Company

Canadian Selling Agents  
Toronto Winnipeg Regina Montreal  
Winnipeg Address: 174 McDermott Ave. East. Telephone 4507A. Regina Address: 1410 East 1st. Telephone 1927.

## Judges Awards at Chinook Fair

(Continued from page four)  
 2nd, H. H. George; 3rd, R. Stewart.  
 Rhode Island Red, female—1st, H. H. George; 2nd, A. E. Roberts.  
 Class 22  
 Canary Bird—1st, R. Stewart.  
 Pigeons—1st, 2nd and 3rd, Verton Maris.

## GRAINS AND GRASSES

Class 23  
 Bus. Marquis Wheat—1st, J. C. Bayley; 2nd, R. Witt; 3rd, G. Marr.  
 Bus. Wheat, an yother kind—1st, J. Young.  
 Bus. Banner Oats—1st, W. Milligan; 2nd, R. Witt.  
 Bus. Reg. Abundance Oats—1st, J. Young.  
 Bus. Oats, any other variety—1st, A. E. Jacobson; 2nd, G. Marr.  
 Bus. Flax—1st, H. H. George.  
 Bus. Barley—1st, G. Marr.  
 Peck Peas—1st, A. E. Jacobson; 2nd, Mrs. Shabino.  
 Sheaf of Wheat—1st, R. Witt; 2nd, H. H. George; 3rd, T. H. Bradford.  
 Sheaf of Oats—1st, R. Witt; 2nd, W. A. McLaughlin; 3rd, W. Milligan.  
 Sheaf Alfalfa—1st, N. F. Marcy; 2nd, R. Witt.  
 Sheaf Timothy—1st, W. McLaughlin.  
 Sheaf Rye Grass—1st, R. Witt.  
 Sheaf Sweet Clover—1st, R. Witt; 2nd, F. Berry; 3rd, N. F. Marcy.  
 ROOTS, VEGETABLES AND FRUITS

Class 24  
 Red Potatoes—1st, A. E. Jacobson; 2nd, A. E. Roberts.  
 White Potatoes—1st, A. E. Jacobson; 2nd, J. J. Somers.  
 Field Turnips—1st, A. E. Jacobson; 2nd, J. J. Somers.  
 Garden Turnips—1st, J. Chassum; 2nd, J. J. Somers; 3rd, A. E. Jacobson.

son.  
 Carrots, red—1st, A. E. Jacobson; 2nd, J. Chassum; 3rd, E. B. Allen.  
 Mangolds—1st, A. E. Jacobson.  
 Table Beets—1st, T. J. Squire; 2nd, Chassum; 3rd, A. E. Jacobson.  
 Onions from seed—1st, A. E. Jacobson; 2nd, J. J. Somers.  
 Onions, Dutch sets—1st, Mrs. A. E. Jacobson; 2nd, Mrs. Shabino; 3rd, J. A. Gray.  
 Tomatoes—1st, Mrs. A. E. Jacobson.  
 Bars of Corn—1st, J. J. Somers; 2nd, J. A. Gray; 3rd, C. W. Rideout.  
 Lettuce—1st, E. B. Allen; 2nd, T. J. Squire.  
 Parsley—1st, E. B. Allen; 2nd, J. C. Bayley.  
 Peas in Pod—1st, J. J. Somers; 2nd, Catharine Ferguson; 3rd, Marvel Milligan.  
 Beans in pod—1st, T. J. Squire; 2nd, J. J. Somers; 3rd, A. E. Jacobson.  
 Red Currants—1st, Minnie Bidne.  
 White Currants—1st, A. E. Jacobson.  
 Gooseberries—1st, A. E. Jacobson.  
 Raspberries—1st, W. A. McLaughlin.  
 SPECIALS  
 By N. McLean—Collection of vegetables by boy or girl 15 years or under—1st, Lunan Roberts; 2nd, Verton Maris.

## BUTTER, MEATS, ETC.

Class 25  
 Butter in tubs—1st, E. Milligan; 2nd, Mrs. Shabino; 3rd, A. E. Jacobson.  
 Butter in Prints—1st, W. A. Todd; 2nd, W. Milligan; 3rd, H. H. George.  
 Butter, fancy shapes—1st, W. A. Todd.  
 Heaviest Eggs, white—1st, A. E. Jacobson; 2nd, W. A. Todd.  
 Heaviest Eggs, brown—1st, W. A. Todd; 2nd, A. E. Jacobson.  
 Home-cured Ham—1st, J. C. Bayley.  
 Home-cured Bacon—1st, H. H. George.  
 (Continued in next week's issue)

## Methodist District Meeting Sept. 6

Rev. M. E. Wiggins, of Oyen, chairman for the Methodist church of the Youngstown district has called the financial district meeting for Sept. 6, and the gathering will be at Chinook. All ministers and probationers in the active work are delegates to this meeting together with an equal number of lay delegates, in number about twenty-five. The Superintendent of Missions, Rev. Thos. Powell, of Calgary, will also be present.

The purpose of this meeting is to discuss the work of the Church throughout the District, to plan for co-operative effort such as exchange of pulpits and to examine the financial situation on the various circuits.

It is estimated that British Columbia will have 5,000 carloads of apples to export this season. One thousand carloads will be shipped to overseas markets.

Word has been received here from relatives that the body of the late Dr. Rosenkrans will remain in the mortuary in Saskatoon for seventy days from the time of his death when it will be taken to the States for burial.

When we read of the improved freight bearing aeroplane and wireless guided vessels, we begin to dream of the time when the farmer will be able to lie on his hammock and suck butter milk through a straw while he watches his electro controlled aero binder garner the crop. (All rights reserved.)

Citizens of Chinook who have recently toured the district of Big Stone and surrounding localities report that the crops are very fair in those parts. The wheat is high enough to tie quite easily, and is a better stand than the average hereabouts. Even the oats in several fields were high enough to bind well, and would be ready for cutting in another week. In spite of the fall length of grain a number of "headers" are being used. Some, who work "double shifts", cut forty acres per day.

## Meeting of Municipal Council of Collholme

[Continued from page one]  
 That the terms upon which the Municipality is willing to settle for the balance of the land required for the blind line to be opened in 29-8 are as follows:  
 To Thos. O'Connor for two acres from the N.W. 14, \$50.00; Mr. O'Connor to be notified to move his fence and at his own expense.

To O. C. Williams for 4 acres from the N. ½ 15, \$90; and for moving his fence, \$50.00; to C. F. Paterson for two acres from the N. E. 14, \$50.00; to W. A. Mitchell for two acres from the S. E. 22, \$50.00 and that these parties be notified to this effect.

That Chas. Gillette be allowed to market the 50 bushels of wheat he has in town even though same is covered by a municipal seed lien.

That the pay sheets for destruction of weeds authorized by H. H. George, weed inspector, be accepted and the amounts spent charged against the land as follows: S. E. 7-27-7, \$2.50; N. W. 33-26-7, \$92.50; N. E. 35-26-7, \$135.00.

That we do now adjourn to meet again in the Collholme school on Saturday, August 27th, at 10 a.m.

## SNAPS!

We have several broken lines from the sale. These we are clearing out at great reductions.

Black Denim Smocks, sizes 38' and 40 at 95 cts.

Ladies White Canvas Shoes---your choice 1.45

Children's Canvas Slippers - - Any pair 95 cts.

Ladies' Waists, several pretty patterns at 95c.

Men's Ballgriggan Shirts, several sizes 69 cts.

Sweaters---Any Man's Sweater in stock \$6.95

Block Salt---25 blocks at 1.15 each.

Linoleum---1 piece one yard wide at 65 cts yd.

## Children's Fancy Straw Hats

There are some dandy little hats here at greatly reduced prices.

The rainy season seems to be here. One cannot afford to get wet when a few dollars will buy a serviceable water proof coat at---

**J. R. MILLER'S**

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